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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, APRIL 22, 1873.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

An Interesting Epistle from The Constitution's Gentle Barbarian.

The Philosophy of the Modoc Murder of General Canby--Miserable Policy of the Administration.

Grant Gets Groggy--The Cotton Tax and Our Correspondent's Enterprise.

Young Girls Getting Drunk--The Political Preacher--Timrod's Poems--Postscript from Minnie Hauck About Society Matters.

WASHINGTON, April 18, 1873.

While "Newspaper Row" was cudgeling its brains for fresh sensations—and not without a certain degree of success—a real sensation was flashed over the wires from the lava beds of Oregon. The murder of General Canby by the treacherous Modocs has startled the country as no event since the assassination of President Lincoln has done, and has excited in this community almost as much sympathy and sorrow. For the death of this excellent citizen and soldier, the President and his political parsons are directly responsible.

The atrocious murders by Captain Jack and his associates are fitting commentaries on the peace policy which has served to put money in the pockets of a few so-called, or self styled philanthropists, whose hearts were full of sympathy for the murderous and thieving red man, but who paid no heed to the appeals of the distant white settlers—the pioners of civilization in the west—who needed protection for life and property.

General Canby went to his death, not as a soldier, but as a mere hanger-on to a peace commission. This was through no fault of his, however. He went in obedience to orders which must have sorely chafed his soldierly spirit. He was to witness the triumph of the peace policy, to look on and see how political parsons can control the war-like savages; and in this humiliating position he was stricken down. These Modocs had but recently slain, without the slightest provocation, eighteen citizens of Oregon. The peace commissioners proposed to condone these wanton murder.

Had General Canby had his way, who can doubt that he would first have captured, or killed, the murderers, and then treated with the remainder of the band. That was the only course to pursue. The authorities of Oregon wanted to deal with this matter themselves, but were not permitted. The peace policy must be tested. It has been tested With what result the death of General Canby and one of the peace commissioners, and the fact that an Indian war has been precipitated that is likely to cost the government millions of dollars, will show The sooner the Indian office is turned over to the War Department the better. The Red Men can only be controlled by fear. General Harney's campaign on the Plains was long remembered by the Indians of that section, and the name of the "White Chief," as they learned to call him, never failed to strike terror among them. The writer spent three years on the frontier and among the Indians, and knows whereof he writes.

"OPEN SECRETS."

The Washington correspondent of a New York evening paper published a long letter recently on Grant's prospects for a third term, in which he said it was an open secret here that the President is not unfrequently overcome by strong drink. He then cited several instances, giving time and place, when our Chief Magistrate was decidedly the worse for liquor. A day or two later, however, he thought fit to qualify his statement, and sent off a dispatch to the effect that the President was suffering from Bright's disease, to which, and not to other causes, must be attributed his bloated visage and mottled skin. So far from this being correct, the President has a good complexion, and his face is not bloated. No doubt he has, on some occasions since his election to the Presidency, taken over much wine or whisky, but he is far from being an habitual drunkard, as is so frequently represented. Let us do the man justice, at least. As for his illness, for he has been temporarily indisposed, it merely resulted from a cold, to which all are liable at this season, and the attempt to make it appear worse is simply a bit of sensationalism which lacks point or wit. Surely no one would think of accusing so dull a man as our President of having *Bright's* disease.

PAPER'S NEWS.

An enterprising (?) Washington correspondent of a Baltimore paper has discovered that claims for tax paid on tare of cotton have been paid here to intermediary parties, and that the planters not having received one cent are naturally indignant. The name of this correspondent ought to be Rip Van Winkle; but it is not. The valuable (?) information he obtained has been sent North and West, and by and by I expect to see it copied into some of the less wideawake Southern journals. The fact is that the planters of the South were first advised of this matter through the columns of THE CONSTITUTION. That was fully eighteen months ago. The names of the claimants, the amount of the claims, the name of the par . to whom the money was paid, were then obtained by your correspondent from the Treasury Department and published exclusively in THE CONSTITUTION. You see I was only a year and a half or so ahead of the other correspondents, and considering the sharp rivalry here, that is something of a "beat." I am content, however, as a general rule, with keeping a week or two ahead of those who brag of their performances while I am attending strictly to business. Meanwhile, I tie another scalp to my belt, and continue, as usual, on the warpath.

A SAD CASE OF DEPRAVITY.

One of our detectives who visited a restaurant and liquor establishment on D street the other day, for the purpose of investigating a robbery committed on the premises, learned that during the morning two girls had visited the house and became very much intoxicated. One of them was then on the premises, beastly drunk, carrying on frantically, and begging that her family should not be disgraced. The detective recognized her as the daughter of a very respectable citizen of South Washington, and advised the proprietor to give her a room where she could stay until sober, and she was taken up stairs for that purpose. As the officer was leaving the place he noticed the girl getting out of one of the upper story windows, and hastening back took her in charge and sent her to the police headquarters. She declared she was determined to take her own life and get out of trouble, and that if she had a knife she would cut her throat. She also stated that both she and her sister had been deceived by a business man of Washington. The officers kept everything, like a knife or dangerous weapon out of her reach, and the following morning notified the parents of the unfortunate girl of the whereabouts.

A POLITICAL PARSON.

The Reverend Brigadier General John P. Newman has got a fat thing of it. He generally has. In New Orleans he collected money enough from the negroes to build a fine church, and then shut the pew doors on the colored brethren and made them listen to his gospel from a narrow gallery. He came to Washington to occupy a pulpit and was made chaplain of the Senate. He toadied Grant, and found profit in it, and he lobbied as well as prayed at the capitol. He was a *fitting guide for the "Christian Statesmen"* of credit mobilier notoriety. Now both he and *his sons* have been appointed Inspectors of Consulates, and start on a pleasure trip around the world with all expenses paid by the government, and a handsome salary besides. It pays in these days to be a political parson.

TIMROD'S POEMS.

With one exception all of the Northern papers I have seen have given flattering or kindly notices of Timrod's poems. That exception is the Boston Globe, which attacks them most unmercifully. The Globe has less brains than any paper printed at the "Hub," and its venom is evidently at fault in this instance, for the poems have reached a second edition, and yet the demand is unsatisfied. The Boston correspondent of the New York World says:

"The review of the poems of Henry Timrod, which appeared some weeks ago in the Advertiser, has attracted a good deal of attention in the poet's native State, and I have seen letters to the author of the notice—Mr. Walter Allen of the Advertiser staff—from Paul H. Hayne and the poet's widow, expressing the deepest sense of gratitude for the generosity and appreciative quality of the notice. Mrs. Timrod's letter was creditable alike to her head and heart, and serves to intensify the picture of Katie, which her gifted husband has given us in the dedication of his volume."

Mr. Allen was at one time the Washington correspondent of the Advertiser.

A POSTSCRIPT BY MISS MINNIE HAUCK.

I have been looking over what Tom has written, and thought I might as well add a postscript, though there is very little to write of in the way of society news. Our great charity ball came off on Tuesday night at Masonic Temple. Such a delightful way of bestowing charity I had never dreamed of. Delightful music, lots of dances, an elegant supper, and all for five dollars and a spool of thread or a bit of ribbon; and then to go home and to bed with the sweet consciousness that you have been helping the poor! But perhaps you wont understand what is meant by the "spool of thread or bit of ribbon." Well, the tickets were five dollars, and you were expected to bring something for the poor and put in a bag at the door. Now what could do the poor, hungry folks so much good as a spool of thread or a knot of ribbon you had no further use for? Besides, they don't cost much. The ball was a success, of course. All the great folks were there, and the young men with their hair parted in the middle—"the Modocs of the supper table," as a morning paper calls them—and all the belles, too, as a matter of course. We are so ready to do a work of charity. I do believe we could dance and eat a fine supper every night if we thought it would do the poor people any good.

The Lydia Thompson troupe is here, and I am not ashamed to say that I went to see them. I do like Lydia, she is so arch and frolicsome, and as for Miss Weatherby, she is just as sweet as she can be. What lovely arms she has. Beckett and Edouin are just as funny as ever, and there is a little boy who dances on parlor skates in a really wonderful way. He gets lots of applause, too. The other night he was called out three times, and I am sure the poor thing must have been ready to drop when he got through his third dance. With this exception the troupe is much the same as in former seasons, and has the same old burlesques. They have one new one—"Robin Hood"—which I have not seen. But one is sure of a good laugh who goes to see Lydia's troupe, and that is worth having, after the dull, pokey Lenten season.

Miss Jeannie Patterson, with her mother and aunt, are at the National Hotel. Miss Jeannie has charmed all who have called on her by her beauty, culture and modest demeanor, and her public readings, which are to be given shortly, I hear, are looked forward to with pleasurable anticipations.

We are having horrid weather—cold and rainy.

MINNIE HAUCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The Grant Parish Troubles.

Havoc of Retreating Modocs

Kellogg Hung in Effigy.

Shocking Loss of Life in San Salvador.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

THE GRANT PARISH TROUBLES.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It appears from correspondence between the acting Secretary of War, Robeson, General McDowell, commanding Department of the South, who is now at New York, and General Emory, commanding at New Orleans, that it is difficult to obtain transportation for two companies of Federal troops to Grant parish. The regular boats refused to carry troops, as it would ruin their trade. Application was made to Collector Casey who had no means of transportation. Finally General Emory succeeded in chartering a vessel for the special service. The correspondence does not clearly show what the troops are to do when they reach Colfax beyond preserving order.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 20.—Arrived—Steamers India, from Glasgow; Franklin, from Copenhagen; South America, from Rio Janeiro.

CALIFORNIA.

SUICIDE.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—Lieutenant Seranac suicided. Cause—domestic trouble. He was a son of the ex-Postmaster General.

EUGENE HOVEY KILLED BY MODOCS.

The retreating Modocs killed Eugene Hovey and stole his horses.

Messengers have been sent in every direction to warn settlers of the escape of the Modocs. Many families refuse to go out for fear of meeting with Hovey's fate.

Schofield has ordered troops from several points to Gillo.

Considerable uneasiness is felt among the settlers regarding the escape of the Modocs from the lava beds, fearing they may raid into Shasta Valley.

LOUISIANA.

RACES.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—Saturday Tom Corbell won the first race; time 4:00. Allen Mitchell won the second; time 1:43. Village Blacksmith won the third; time 2:21, 3:59, 1:16 1-2.

RELEASED.

Edward Booth was released from the 24 hours' imprisonment imposed upon him for contempt of court in refusing to pay Rouse $2.

to the Kellogg Government. He received an ovation parade headed by a band of music. As the procession passed the corner of Camp and Gravier streets, Kellogg was hung in effigy and burned.

TENNESSEE.

STEAMER SUNK.

MEMPHIS, April 20.—A dispatch received here to-night says that the steamer West Wind, from Fort Smith for New Orleans, with 800 bales of cotton, sunk in six feet water to-day. No particulars.

MISSOURI.

THE GREAT CONVENTION.

ST. LOUIS, April 20.—A large meeting of merchants, bankers, real estate owners and business men generally was held at the Merchants' Exchange this afternoon to further consider the question of holding the convention of Western and Southern Congressmen here next month. The committee appointed at a previous meeting reported that the Mayor of the City and the members of the City Government and many citizens who had been consulted were fully agreed that great benefits would accrue to the entire country from the interchange of views and the full and free expression of the wants of the great West and the Mississippi Valley to the members of Congress through an informal conference in our city and an excursion by the newly opened railway to the Gulf of Mexico through the Indian territory and Texas.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

CONFIRMED.

PANAMA, April 20.—The destruction of San Salvador is confirmed. Forty thousand people are ruined. Every city within a radius of twenty miles suffered more or less. Shocks continued from the 4th to the 19th of March, when the climax was reached. Fortunately such citizens as had not left the city were living in the plazas, hence the loss of life, though great, was much diminished. The Hotel del Plaque and Government Palace only are left standing. The loss is estimated at $12,000,000. The aggregate loss of life is 5,000.

AUSTRALIA.

DEATH ON AN EMIGRANT SHIP.

MELBOURNE, April 20.—During the passage of the emigrant ship Hardus from Hamburg, thirty-two passengers died and the Captain committed suicide.

ITALY.

THE POPE.

ROME, April 20.—The Pope said mass in his private chapel this morning, and subsequently gave audience to a deputation bringing Peter's pence.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Owing to the Indian excitement the Government has withdrawn the appeal for the release of Santanta and Big Bear, notwithstanding the Kiowas have complied with the conditions.

A telegram from Governor Kellogg to the Attorney General, received to-day, is as follows:

Matters are quiet in Louisiana, with the exception of four or five parishes.

My communication to General Emory, requesting that troops be sent to those remote parishes, was with a view to prevent any probable outrage.

The statement that I issued commissions to the Fusion officers in Grant parish, or to any others than those first commissioned, is untrue.

The State taxes are being collected rapidly. Tax resistance is breaking down.

The collections during the past thirty days exceed the collections for the same time in any previous year. The amount of taxes and licences collected in New Orleans during the first quarter of 1873 was one hundred and thirty-three thousand dollars, and the amount collected during the first quarter of 1873, was two hundred and fifty-four thousand dollars. We collected but little during the months of January and February, owing to great political differences.

MASSACHUSETTS.

DEATH OF MR. BLISS.

SPRINGFIELD, April 21.—George Bliss, prominently connected with railroad enterprises, is dead. He was 80 years old.

LOUISIANA.

COLFAX TROUBLES.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.—The steamer Hodge, with United States troops, departs for Colfax Court House.

Kellogg's officials have left St. Mary's parish, and the impression is gaining ground that the Federals who left St. Mary's parish will be required in every parish to protect the Kellogg tax gatherers.

NEW YORK.

FIRE.

CONESTOGA, April 21.—A large portion of the town burned. Loss, $80,000.

NEW YORK, April 21.—It is reported that plans are maturing in England for a railroad between New York and Philadelphia via New York Bay and across Staten Island.

UTAH.

SHOOTING AND RAZORING.

SALT LAKE, April 21.—Some negroes were fighting over cards. Two were shot through the breast and another was razored.

The mission to Arizona is rapidly progressing. Two thousand Mormon men are going.

CALIFORNIA.

SUBMITTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—The two worst bands of the Apache Indians, in Arizona, have submitted unconditionally. They have defied the government for 20 years, but 200 of their warriors being killed in the last campaign, dispirited them.

General Crook accepted their surrender and the chiefs promised to send word to outside parties to come in. Crook gave passes to runners spreading the news of peace.

EPIZOOTIC.

The epizootic has nearly subsided in Arizona.

General Schofield, in a private dispatch received to-day, expresses great hope and confidence in his troops. He is making every possible arrangement to render successful the movements against the Modocs, which he believes, from information received by him, are still in the lava beds.

All stage lines running.

Work commences on the Texas and San Diego Road on Tuesday.

THE FRONT.

YREKA, April 21.—A courier from the front, who left the camps at 3 o'clock last Friday, reports that the Indians are still in the lava beds.

THE LOOT.

The epizootic has not reached the front but is at DeBatts, the place where the volunteers rendezvous.

ITALY.

THE POPE STILL LIVES.

ROME, April 21.—The Pope arose at half-past seven to see some visitors.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 19⅝; sales 307 bales.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn firmer—old Western mixed 67, afloat. Pork firm at $19 25. Lard firm, western steam 9¾. Turpentine firm at 38. Rosin dull at $3 15a3 20 for strained. Freights steady.

Stocks quiet and firm. Gold firm at 17¼. Money firm at 1-16a1-32 per cent. Exchange—long 7⅞; short 8¼. Governments dull but steady. State bonds dull and steady.

Arrived—Ship's Magnolia, Georgia, Olympic and Cleopatra.

Arrived out—Algeria, Wyoming, Canada, Austin and North America.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—Cotton: Uplands 9¾; Orleans 10⅛; sales 14,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000; shipped from Charleston or Savannah, February or March, 9¾; April delivery from Savannah or Charleston, 9¾.

Breadstuffs quiet. Lard 40s. 6d.

PARIS, April 21.—Rentes 56f. 5c.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—noon.—Cotton opened steadier; uplands 9¾a9¾; Orleans 10⅛.

LATER.—Cotton firm; sales 14,000 bales; speculation and exports 2,000; shipped from Charleston or Savannah, February or March, 9¾; April delivery from Savannah or Charleston, 9¾.

Breadstuffs quiet. Lard 40s. 6d.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, April 21, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—The weather is moderating, warm and pleasant. A fine day, though the dust is disagreeable. Business of all kinds quiet.

The trade of last week was anything but satisfactory to parties holding full stocks. The demand for almost all articles was limited.

Some little activity was exhibited in corn where parties offered a reduction from the market quotations. Stocks of corn in store and to arrive are light, and a few days good trade would have the effect to stiffen prices.

Hay is dull, with good stocks on hand.

Meats are stiffer, and the advance of the latter part of the week is firmly held with good prospect of a further advance during the week.

Lard is in better request at the advance.

No changes to note in the leading articles of groceries and dry goods.

During the past week the tobacco trade was dull; no change to note in price.

Cotton quiet at 16 1-2a17.

Exchange—Buying at par, selling at ¼ premium.

Money—Loaned at 1a1½ per cent.

Gold—Buying at 1 16; selling at 1 18.

Silver—Buying 1 09, selling 1 13.

Bonds and Stocks—Dull and but little doing. Georgia 6s, 72a74; 7s, 85a88; new Georgia bonds at the state Treasury, 8 per cent. non-taxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 95a98; Georgia R. R. bonds, 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 83a86; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock, 90a92. Rome city 7s, 68a72 Savannah, 85.

Flour.—Fine $6; superfine $7a7 50; extra 8 50a9; double extra 9 50; family 10a10 50, extra family 10 50a10 75; fancy 11 50a12.

Corn Meal—85a87.

Wheat—We quote Red $2; white 2 05a2 10.

Corn—Choice white 83a85, in store, and 83 at depot, on arrival for medium; mixed 80a82.

Bulk meat—shoulders 7½. C. R. sides 9½; clear sides 10; bams 12a12½.

Bacon—S. C. hams 15a15½; plain country 12¾a14; small lots arriving and demand good, shoulders 9½; clear rib sides 10½; clear sides 11.

Lard—Tierces 10a10½; cans, buckets and kegs 11¼a12.

Sugar—Crushed 13½; granulated and powdered 13½; Demarra 11 1-2a12 1-2; standard A 12¾; extra C 12 1-2; yellow C 12; brown 10¼a11 1-2.

Salt—Liverpool $2 25a2 30; Virginia $3. Molasses—Hogsheads 29; barrels 32a33; New Orleans syrup 75a80.

Candles—Full weights, stiff, 21 1-2.

Coffee—Java 27a30; Moca 32a35; Rio 23¼a25.

Tallow 8a8 1-2; beeswax 28.

Butter—Good choice commands 30a37.

Poultry—We quote: Chickens 30a35; turkeys, 1 00a1 50; geese 50.

Eggs—We quote from wagons 17¼a18.

Hay—Western timothy $1 85a1 90; clover 1 75a1 80; mixed, 1 60a1 75; Georgia 1 50a1 60.

Bran—$1 20a1.25, mill prices.

Vegetables—Irish potatoes $1 00a1 25, western; sweet potatoes $2 00a2 15. Seed potatoes—Goodrich $4 75a5 00. Early Rose $5 00; Pinckeye $6 25a6 50.

Beans—Mixed $1 90; white $1 25.

Peas—Mixed $1 10; clay $1 30; white 1 25.

Cattle and Sheep—Buying prices, beef cattle, gross, 5a5 1-2; net 9a10; good mutton, gross, 5 1-2a6; net 12 1-2.

New Vegetables—Are coming into market quite freely. Strawberries $1 per quart. New Irish Potatoes 25 per quart. Beets 15a20. Onions 10a15. Celery per bunch 20a25. Cabbage per head 35a50. Carrots per bunch 10a15. Turnips 15a20. Radishes 12a15. Lettuce 15a20. Soup stuff 10a15. Cucumbers 15. Green Peas 15 per quart. Snap Beans 25 per quart.

Seed—Clover $7 50a8 per bushel; blue grass 3 50; timothy 5; orchard grass 3 50.

Oats 52a60.

Rye—But little offering. Held at 90a$1.

Fruits—But a limited supply in market. Apples, Northern, $5 50a7 00; Georgia, from wagon, 75a$1 00. Oranges $15 00a16 00; Louisiana, none in market. Valencia, in cases of 430 $11 00a12 00. Lemons $7 00a7 50 per box; Dates $3 50 per box. Raisins, old $3 00; new, none in market. Currents 12½ per lb.

Dressed Meats—Tennessee and Kentucky beef by the side 9a10. Mutton, whole, 10a12. Hogs scarce 8a10. Veal 10. Corned beef 15. ply. during the past week. The supply but fewlimited, and ve inquiry fairan acti firm with Whisky marketA good trade

Powder and Shot—Rifle, F. F. F. G., per keg, $7 50; half, 4 15; quarter, 2 35; canister; F. F. F. G., 1 lb., per case 25 lbs., 15 00; American, 21 00; electric, No. 1, 3, 3, 30 00; 5 lbs. canister, per canister, 2 50; duck, sporting, 4 00; blasting powder, bright grazed, 1 f. 2 f, 3 f, 5 25.

Factory Goods—No changes to note. Brown domestics, Graniteville 7 8, 11¼; Trion 7-8, 11¼; Augusta 7 8, 11¼; Graniteville 4-4, 13; Trion 4-4, 13; Augusta 4-4, 13; Graniteville 3-4, 9½; Augusta 3-4, 9½; Roswell 7-8, 11¼; Jewells Mills 7, 11¼; 4-4, 12½; Concord jeans, 75; Cassmere 65a1 25; light osnaburgs, 14¼a18; yarns, $1 60a1 65; cambrics, glazed, 9a10; paper, 11a12; checked, 15; stripes, 13a15; bleached cotton, 7a21; gingahams, heavy, 12½a25; tickings, 9a30.

Tobacco—Common sound stock, winter work 43; medium 18 2, summer work 48a50; medium bright 55a66; fine as above, according to grade, 60a75; W. D. Stultz's AAAA about exhausted; 1 10; bright navy 6s 55a60; black navy 50a53; J. Whitted, ambrosia, 4 oz 75a80; Corbin's No. 1 80a85.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8½; Bedford, 8½; Amoskeag, 10; Arnold, 10; Albions, 11½; Sprague, 11½; Richmond, 11½; Dunnells, 11½.

Fish—Trade pretty good. Mackerel, No. 3, bbls, 10 50; No. 2, half bbls, $7; No. 3, half bbls, $5 50; No. 1, kits, $1 65; No. 2, kits, $1 50; No. 3, kits, $1 25.

Liquors—No change to quote, a fair supply in market. Corn whisky $1 00a2 00. Rye 1 00a6 00; Robinson county 2 00a2 50; Bourbon 1 00a3 00; Irish and Scotch 4 00a6 00; Brandy—peach and apple 2 25a3 50; Cognac 1 50a12 00; cherry and ginger 1 50a2 00; gin 1 25a5 00; rum 1 50a5 00; Champaigne 20 00a45 00 basket; wines, various brands, 1 75a6 00.

Wool—Barred 20a30; unwashed 30a40; washed 45a50.

Fertilizers—There is still a greater demand for the various brands than can be supplied. Pendleton's $67 cash; $76 on time. Navassa $58 cash; $68 on time. Whann's Superphosphate cash $54; on time $60. Chappell's Champion Superphosphate $67 50, on time. Russell Coe's Ammoniated Raw Bone Superphosphate $58; on time $68. Soe Fowl Guano $56; on time $64. Cotton States $60; on time $70. Etiwan Guano $60; on time $66. Mark W. Johnson's $52; on time $66. Etiwan Dissolved Bone $45; on time $50.

Hardware—Trade continues very good. Nails, per keg, 10d to30d $5 75; 8d, 6 00; 6, 6 25; 4d, 6 50; 3d, 7 75; 6 to 2 25; finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75 cents on above prices. Iron—Tire, 1 1-2 in. to 4 by 1 1-2, 6 00; smaller sizes 50c advance; rod 12. Axes—Collin's $14 00a15 00; Shovels, Ames's $15 00; Roland's $15 00; Stone's $13 50; solid cast steel, R. R., 18. Coffee mills 3 75a10 00. Cast steel 22; springs 22, axles 10a11; sad irons 7; horse shoes 6 00; mule shoes 9 00; horse shoe nails 20a22. Mule nails 6 00.

Selling off—Limited supply. Gunny 12; Western brands 16a18½; dauphin sacks and Laidlow 18½; ties 2½a3—nominal prices.

Hides and Furs—Flint hides 16a17; dry salted 15a15½; green salted 9½; grubby 7. raccoon 15a20; fox 15a20; muskrats 5a10, opossum 5a10; minks 1 00a2 00; otter 2a6; deer skin 30c per pound; muskrats 10a15, as to amount of wool.

Tallow and Oils—Linseed, raw, $1 14; boiled, 1 15 Lard, winter strain, 85. No. 1, 82. No. 2, 78. Turpentine, 60. Varnishes, copal, No. 1, 1 50 a1 60; Japan brown, 1 10a1 40; asphaltum, 1 25a1 35; coach, extra No. 1, 2 50a3 25; English Varnishes, 4 75a8 00, according to quality. Chrome, green and yellow, in bulk, 18. White lead, Sunny South, strictly pure, 11 50 by the ton. Yellow ochre, 3 50; Spanish brown, 3 00. Castor oil, 21c. per lb; fish oil, 75a80.

Coal—Retail, 35c per bushel; by car-load 30c per bushel. Smith's coal 24c by car load.

Leather—Calf skin—domestic $30a44 00 per dozen; French $9 00a36 00. Harness leather 32a45 per pound; sole leather—hemlock 29a32½; oak 45a50, split 40; kips—country 50a60.

Soap—The various brands of soap, from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7 1-2 per lb; Georgia Soap Factory 5a7.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

FOR 1873.

A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

THE FAVORITE OF ALL CLASSES.

Lawyers, Merchants, Farmers, Etc.

TWELVE REASONS FOR SUBSCRIBING

1. THE CONSTITUTION is published at the Capital of the State, and contains *Proceedings of the Legislature* in full, together with constant and accurate information of the actings of all the Departments of the State Government.

2. It has the sole and *exclusive* right of publishing the DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT from the Reporter of the Court. These Decisions are delivered on Monday of every week and are *immediately* published in THE CONSTITUTION. Hence every lawyer in Georgia should take the paper, and the great proportion *are* subscribers.

3. THE CONSTITUTION is the Official Journal of the State, of the city of Atlanta and a large number of counties.

4. THE CONSTITUTION publishes a weekly *Cotton Editorial*, embracing remarks on the Gold Premium and all matters affecting the cotton trade, with *statistics* difficult to be obtained elsewhere. Producers and dealers in cotton, not alone in Georgia, but all over the country, procure THE CONSTITUTION for these articles.

5. THE CONSTITUTION furnishes Telegraphic Dispatches and news from all quarters of the globe, including *markets*, domestic and foreign. Hence the paper is popular with *merchants* everywhere.

6. Besides our Daily Associated Press Dispatches, THE CONSTITUTION has *specials* from Washington, the National Capital.

7. Its Correspondence Department is unsurpassed in the South, having special correspondents at Washington, New York, and in various parts of the country.

8. THE CONSTITUTION publishes a monthly Fashion Letter from New York, written by the most celebrated female Fashion writer in the United States. The ladies, therefore, all want THE CONSTITUTION.

9. A new feature for this year will be Weekly European Correspondence, by which the readers of THE CONSTITUTION will be taken on a tour through Europe.

10. The ablest writers and statesmen of Georgia select THE CONSTITUTION to give their views to the public, and so do the PEOPLE, and hence it is the admitted leading Democratic Journal of the State.

11. The two great specialties, our SUPREME COURT DECISIONS for the lawyers, and our COTTON articles for the merchants and farmers, make THE CONSTITUTION unrivalled in this part of the South.

12. For the reasons given above, THE CONSTITUTION is the paper for all classes, lawyers, merchants, farmers, mechanics and others, circulates in every county of Georgia, has the largest State circulation and is, therefore, the favorite medium for ADVERTISERS.

Every Georgian should, after taking his own *local paper*, subscribe for THE CONSTITUTION, published at the Capital of his State; and we would here return thanks to the people for a patronage, that has culminated in the *grandest newspaper success known in the Southern States.* THE CONSTITUTION, not yet five years old, has attained a circulation never reached by a Daily paper in Georgia, and has erected a magnificent five-story building of its own, as complete as *any* in the United States, giving employment to *seventy or eighty persons* daily, and running a half dozen presses by steam. Visitors to Atlanta are cordially invited to call and examine THE CONSTITUTION building and its powerful presses, printing four or five thousand papers per hour.

EDITORIAL CORPS:

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J. T. LUMPKIN, Editor News Department.
W. G. WARING, Editor Local Department.
HOWELL C. JACKSON, } Associate Editors.
N. P. T. FINCH, }
R. Y. CLARKE, Managing Editor.
W. A. HEMPHILL, Business Manager.
Capt. HENRY JACKSON, Supreme Court Reporter, is *exclusively* engaged by THE CONSTITUTION to furnish the Decisions.
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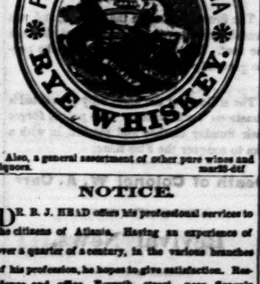

Also, a general assortment of other pure wines and liquors.

mar23-d1f

NOTICE.

DR. R. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Geogr's store. mar19-d3m

To the Traveling Public.

I WOULD respectfully inform persons wishing transportation

From Duluth, Georgia,

On the Air-Line Railroad, to

Lawrenceville, Cumming, Alpharetta

or any other point of the surrounding country, that I am prepared with good conveyances to carry them safely.

feb18-d2f J. A. HOWELL.

REMOVAL.

L. COHEN & CO.

HAVE removed to the large and commodious store next door to Whitehall street Passenger Depot and Hitchell's cane brick block, their old stand, where they will be glad to see their friends.

apr6-d2w L. COHEN & CO.

COTTON STATES Life Insurance Company OF Macon, Georgia.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT AGENCIES, ATLANTA, Ga., March 11th, 1873.

MESSRS J. GADSDEN KING and J. C. CAMPBELL have been appointed STATE AND TRAVELING AGENTS of this Company, for the State of Georgia. As such, they are commended by the officers of the Company to the public.

The undersigned desires to announce, to all interested, that he is prepared to offer, to FIRST-CLASS AGENTS,

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The Company is found, by those who have tried it, to be very easily worked. As a

HOME INSTITUTION

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WM. J. M GILL,

mar12 dcod3w Superintendent Agencies.

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MERCHANTS AND PURCHASERS

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We offer to our CUSTOMERS all our Fresh and New Style Goods at these LOW PRICES, as it is our intention to always keep up the well earned reputation of this store for keeping the GREATEST VARIETY, THE NEWEST STYLES, THE

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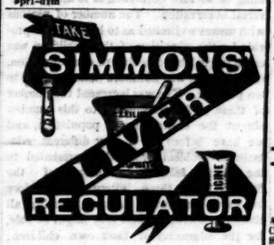

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After years of careful experiments, to meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our original Genuine powders

The Prepared.

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Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

HENRY SPEER, Lawyer, Athens, Georgia.—As Solicitor General, will attend the Courts of Clarke, Jackson, Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Banks, Franklin, Habersham, White, Rabun, and give attention to collections and other claims. mar16—d1y

Z. D. HARRISON, Attorney at Law, will practice in the Superior Court of Fulton county, the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court, at Atlanta. Office, No. 33, Capitol building. mar 9—1y

JESSE K. THASHER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Norcross, Ga., will give strict attention to all business intrusted to his care. Remittances promptly made. dec19 6m

E. G. SIMMONS, Attorney at LAW, Thomaston, Ga. Georgia.

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Superior and Inferior Courts of Dekalb. Office first door east of Court House Building, Decatur street.

Special attention given to Collections. apr15—d1y

JOHN R. D. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Forsyth, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Ga. Covesta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Meriwether, Troup, and also in the Supreme Court of the State of Georgia. mar21—d1y

J. A. & E. ST. Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties composing the Flint Circuit, the Supreme Court of the State, in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apr27-1y

ALVAN D. FREEMAN, BRUNSWICK, Georgia, Attorney at Law, will practice in the several Courts—State and Federal. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted. mar27—d1y

LESTER & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Cartersville, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Georgia's eighteenth. Real Estate Agents. feb26—d1y

J. C. A. STANLEY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Jonesboro, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Clayton, Henry, Fayette, Campbell, Carroll, Heard, Haralson, Coweta, Fulton, Douglas, Meriwether, Troup, Harris, Muscogee, Marion, Talbot, Taylor, Upson, Pike, Spalding and Monroe. feb25—d1y

LESTER FRANCISCUS SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Lagrange, Georgia, will practice in the Courts of Troup, Coweta, Heard

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not hold anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1873.

Atlanta Enterprise.

The wonderful success of this growing young city has been the theme of comment North and South. It is certain that it has attracted more attention, and filled a larger space in discussions of Southern enterprise and Southern prospects, than any city of its size since the surrender. Much of its rising greatness, and much of its past success, are fairly attributable to its newspaper enterprise. It is not so much that the city has made the newspapers as that the newspapers have made the city. Atlanta is more a monument of what newspaper enterprise can do than the newspapers are monuments of what Atlanta can do to make go-ahead, lively and irrepressible papers.

Atlanta should be proud of her newspapers, and doubtless she is, for she extends to them a most bountiful patronage, and finds her profit in so doing.

Lately THE CONSTITUTION seems to have surpassed even itself. It issued a quadruple sheet, in the New York style of enterprise which attracted wide attention. Fifty columns of advertisements, for a place of the size of Atlanta, was something to boast of. A community can't be kept down that does up things on so magnificent a scale.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

Democratic Steadfastness Again.

Our worthy neighbor, the Sun, replies to us again, and this time more satisfactorily. It says the editor of the Sun, in voting for Greeley, did not renounce his Democratic principles; that he does not argue that those Democrats who voted for Mr. Greeley dropped their principles or were unfaithful to them; that he does not propose Democratic unity by eulogizing the "Straights;" that the masses of the Democracy are true to Democratic principles; and that he has condemned no Democrats for recreancy to their faith.

These facts in regard to the Democracy are nothing more nor less than we have been asserting all the time. We are glad to have our neighbor agree with us, explicitly at last, on these essential points. And in all candor, granting them true, we do not see where is the slightest necessity for all the talk about rallying the party, and the call for a nucleus and all that. To admit them is to simply pronounce inapplicable all that sort of disorganizing writing that we have been deprecating, and which has proceeded on the most fallacious hypothesis that the party has wrecked itself, straggled from its faith, and betrayed its cause, and that its salvation rested on a devoted following after a small squad of saints, who, in a general desertion, remained true.

Let us say what we have so often said, and what the late campaign so vividly showed, that there is less danger from the party's departing from its principles than from its unity. It was the defection of a few disorganizers destroying the party unity, disheartening the party zeal and discouraging reinforcement from the enemy's lines that caused our late defeat more than anything else. All the talk about the party sacrificing its principles was so much unadulterated bosh. Every move, however mistaken, was made with a view of securing triumph of Democratic principles, and the success of the party would have so resulted. Any other conclusion is to simply decide that the party could not be trusted, and that it deserved defeat and the enemy deserved success.

And now, instead of the present solid fidelity of the party to its cause, and its recent triumphs that show an unaffected and growing organization, being due to the example of the "straights" or any other small single element, they are due entirely to that fidelity to constitutional government that pervades the masses of the Democratic party, and which has never wavered for a moment.

And the best answer that could be made to all the injudicious writing that we have deprecated, relating to the action of the party in supporting Greeley, is the very Democratic victories that have recently occurred in the North and West. These victories show that all the talk about Democratic demoralization from the Greeley "blunder," and the necessity of "notes of warning" to the poor straggling wanderers from the faith, is so much unmitigated twaddle. There is but one "note of warning" that stands out like a beacon above all others, that needs now to be especially given, and that is the necessity of all Democrats, calling themselves members of the party, sticking in the ranks, and fighting against the common enemy instead of against their own brethren.

And in conclusion, we assure our esteemed brother that if he will think less of "saving the soul" of the Democracy of his Democratic allies, and, dropping his allusions about "blunders" upon which a majority is against him, go to work to getting up good feeling in the ranks by talking of something on which the party is harmonious, he will help the cause materially, and give the party and the "Straights" a chance to get together without any sacrifice of respect or aggravation of temper.

The Modern Blackmailers.

For nearly four months the administration organs have contained grave charges and insinuations against the honor and integrity of the well-known firm of Phelps, Dodge & Co., of New York. The case has become very famous, and as the firm has very extensive dealings in Georgia and in every State, we deem a notice of the affair not out of place.

In the course of an extensive business, the firm imports about $10,000,000 a year of the plate, on which they pay an *ad valorem* duty of about one million dollars. It is impossible for them to purchase sufficient quantities from accumulated stocks, and so they are compelled to arrange for the manufacture of supplies through contracts extending over long periods. Under the tariff law, which should govern in such invoices, the contract cost or the market value? It is a very nice question, and in attempting its solution the eminent and thoroughly honorable firm laid themselves open to the army of spies, thieves and informers that our present revenue system created and tolerates, or rather fosters.

The firm had dismissed a clerk for misconduct, who had free access to the foreign invoice book. He became the informer, and the Treasury agents immediately began their work. The firm freely tendered all their books and papers in the full belief of their innocence. It was ascertained that invoices for a full million dollars of tea plate were subject to forfeiture under the construction of the law, by the Treasury officials; that the whole value of the items under-valued was $371,017; and yet the government was the gainer by the rules adopted by Phelps, Dodge & Co.—that is, the latter had over-valued more than they had under-valued. This is admitted by all; and a recent letter of Hon. Noah Davis, late United States District Attorney, and now Judge of the Supreme Court of New York, says:

"I have since learned (a fact which I did know at the time) that by applying the same rule of valuation adopted by you, and which in the instance covered by the settlement resulted in an undervaluation to the same goods in other invoices imported during the same period, the result has, in those cases, been an overvaluation, upon which the government received duties beyond what would have been payable under the correct rule of valuation to an amount very considerably in excess of the duties lost. This fact has strengthened my conviction of your entire innocence in the whole business of any actual intent to defraud.

In conclusion, I beg leave to add that during my connection with the office of United States Attorney I knew of no case in which such a prompt and earnest desire to court and aid investigation, to correct any error, and right every wrong that might appear to have been done to the government or its revenues, was manifested as that constantly shown in yours.

Innocent as the firm were and were known to be, yet they were mulcted, in the settlement, for the total value of the items undervalued, although the Secretary of the Treasury had power to accept a compromise if he believed it proper to do so.

The New York Tribune calls this case "one of monstrous injustice, kindly and legally perpetrated." This is witty, but it fails to show the philosophy of the transaction. We can give it in a nutshell: the District Attorney got of the money extorted 2 per cent.; the dishonest clerk, who turned informer, 25 per cent.; the Collector 8½ per cent., and the naval officer and Surveyor each 4½ per cent. The kindness, if not the "legality," connected with such a perpetration of "monstrous injustice" related purely to the pockets of the perpetrators. They used the forms of law to coerce money from innocent parties into their own pockets.

The New Bonds--The Banks Coming to the Rescue.

The State Treasurer informs us that $300,000, or one-fourth of the entire issue of the new eight per cent. State bonds, have been already taken in the short time that they have been advertised. It must be remembered that not a bond is yet ready for delivery. Such a rapid sale, in advance of preparation, is unprecedented. It shows the value of these new securities and how eagerly they are being snapped up.

Of the amount taken $110,000 have been bought by the Banks of Atlanta and Macon. The following correspondence furnished us by the Treasurer will show the banks that have lead off, and the spirit that has animated their directories:

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, April 4, 1873.

John Jones, Esq, Treasurer of Georgia:

DEAR SIR—At a meeting of the Directors of this bank to-day, it was resolved to buy ten thousand dollars of the new Georgia eight per cent. non-taxable bonds at par, and I herewith hand you check for that amount. You can deliver the bonds to bearer. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, etc.,

F. M. COXE, President.

CITY BANK OF MACON, MACON, GA., April 15, 1873.

John Jones, Esq, State Treasurer:

SIR—I have the pleasure to inform you that the Board of Directors of this bank have resolved to take at par fifty thousand dollars of the new non-taxable eight per cent. Georgia State bonds, to be delivered as soon as they are prepared for issue.

Yours respectfully,

C. A. NUTTING, President.

CITIZENS' BANK OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., April 17, 1873.

John Jones, Esq., State Treasurer, Atlanta:

SIR.—Knowing the exigencies of the State Treasury, and believing it the duty of every good citizen of Georgia to do all in his power to relieve this temporary embarrassment, the directors of this bank, at a meeting held to-day, instructed me to purchase, at par, fifty thousand dollars of the eight per cent. bonds of the State of Georgia authorized by the last Legislature.

Very respectfully, etc.,

JOHN T. GRANT, President.

In connection with the action of the Citizens' Bank of Georgia, there is a very interesting and significant fact, worthy of mention, and full of valuable import.

The bank has, among its directors and stockholders, some leading Northern capitalists, men of both the highest political and commercial prominence. The directory here determined to take $35,000 of the bonds, and submitted the matter to the Northern directors, who not only ratified that purchase, but increased the amount to $50,000, thus showing alike their confidence in our credit, and their dispos tion to back the State. This indorsement of these leading capitalists will have a weighty effect outside of the State, when it is known, in strengthening these securities. And it will be no injury to the liberal banking institution in commending it to our people.

All of these bonds were sold at par. Other banks, it is expected, will invest.

While Georgia and our Northern friends are thus standing true to our interests, our enemies are busily at work seeking to pull down these bonds. An ingenious instance has just come to light. Though the bonds are not out and none of them have been thrown on the New York market, a broker in that city, named Bonnington, advertised fifteen thousand dollars, worth at 85 cents. Our agent there wrote to the Treasurer mentioning the fact and asking information about it. The Treasurer wrote to him to buy up for the State all such bonds at that price. The agent replied that he had applied to the broker for the bonds, and the broker had responded that "*he did not have them ready, but would have them shortly.*"

The audacity of this attempt to depreciate these bonds selling at par was only equaled by its folly. The prompt and ready wit of the Treasurer detected and exposed the trick.

This is like the recently reported sale of the defunct currency bonds at fifty cents, and in connection therewith offer of the gold quarterlies at forty-five cents. These Wall street sharpers of the Clews breed are very cute, but fortunately their malice is limited not by their knavish inclination to mischief, but by a happy incapacity to do harm.

We also have information that Clews has sold some Georgia bonds recently, but declines to furnish any particulars as to the bonds.

We have some other facts, which we shall give at a proper time, on this most vital and interesting subject.

In the meantime, the new bonds are going fast—as they should go—since they furnish the finest investment that we know of.

The Necessity for the Change Made in the School Policy of the State.

During the *ante-bellum* period of our history, what was known as the poor school system prevailed. The people were left to manage their educational enterprises just as they did any ordinary branch of business. Individuals, either severally or by voluntary association, made provision for the education of their own children, while the State did nothing further than to seek to make provision for the indigent. The small sums voted by the State from time to time, supplemented by local levies of greater or less celebrity, were distributed and dispensed by the machinery provided in the statutes. We need not say to those conversant with our history that the amounts raised for this purpose were utterly inadequate; that the main burden of educating the children of the poor was thrown upon the teachers as a work of charity; and that very large numbers of the class known as indigent—a class at that time comparatively small—were never reached by the operation of the laws, or by the charity of instructors, and were left to grow up in ignorance.

There were other very great evils incident to this system. Every teacher was entirely independent. Each one was monarch in the little realm where he held dominion. There was no supervision—no visiting of the schools by regularly constituted authorities, and rarely even by patrons—and no assembling together of teachers for the interchange of views with an eye to mutual improvement and to fitting themselves for the better discharge of the responsible and delicate duties of their calling.

In this state of things it is not surprising that among the ordinary teachers of the country, there was no living progress. These remarks are intended to apply only to those we have designated as the ordinary teachers of the country—to that class familiarly known as "old field school-masters." We had many fine academies manned by men of intellectual vigor and good attainments, who, in spite of their mental isolation from laborers of their own class, made much real progress, and our facilities for the higher education compared favorably with those of most States of the Union. It was in the lowest grade of instruction that we suffered most. The small sums voted by the State, the meagre additions thereto, made by local levies, the general incompetency of the instructors employed, the failure of attendance upon the schools of large numbers of the children of the indigent and the entire absence of anything like system in the management of this great interest, had deeply impressed upon most of the thoughtful minds of the State the idea that the whole plan was a failure. The result was that there was a general awakening upon the subject. There was discussion in the papers of the States, and, in some sections, able men delivered addresses to the people. Conspicuous among the advocates of progress was the Hon. Thomas R. R. Cobb, whose early loss to the State has been so deeply and generally lamented. The result of this agitation was the passage of the school law of 1858. This law was far in advance of any thing which had been done by the State previous to that time. The fund at once provided, increased by the amount which it was sought ultimately to raise, was far more liberal than anything that had previously entered into the thoughts of the people, while the power given to the county authorities to continue the poor school system, or to establish public schools as they might deem best suited to the condition of their respective communities, introduced an entirely new feature into Georgia school legislation. Those who feel desirous of knowing all the provisions of this remarkable law will find them embodied in the chapter on education in Irwin's Revised Code. The late war, with all its disasters, came upon us before we had time to test the merits of the partially new system thus introduced. When the smoke of battle cleared away we found ourselves with ruined fortunes, and with an element of population which had been for years in servitude and ignorance, suddenly set free among us and made citizens by the ruling authorities of the country. Before the war there was but a very small portion of our white population that could be classed among the actually destitute and helpless. To see a beggar, even upon the streets of our largest cities, was a thing of so rare occurence as to attract universal observation. The number of persons with means so limited as to be unable to provide for the education of their children was much larger; but this class of our population, it is believed, was not more than from five to ten per cent. The war increased the number of these at fourfold. Add to this number almost the entire colored population, and we have before us a very different educational problem from that presented to the *ante bellum* legislators of the State. The three alternatives before us were, first, to do nothing, leaving all classes to provide, as best they might be able, for the education of their own children; secondly, to go back to the old poor school system; and, thirdly, to change the entire school policy of the State, and adopt the free school system. The first could not be thought of at all, as it was evident that such a course would be a movement backward towards barbarism. The second, it was equally clear, was not an eligible policy, as it had been fully tried and found wanting at a time when the work to be accomplished, compared with results to be achieved at present, was as a mole hill to a mountain. The only policy which seemed feasible was the adoption of the public school system. The well known fact that in many of the more thickly populated communities of the State, in country places as well as in towns and cities, the whole of the children can be educated in the public schools at an expense but little if any greater than that which is necessary to educate only a part of them in the private schools, the wonderful results to be achieved by organized, systematic effort, and the great benefits to be derived from local and State supervision, constitute considerations which have determined the minds of large numbers of our most intelligent citizens in favor of the radical change made in our school policy. The public school system is not entirely free from objections; but it has become the policy of the State, and we must give it a fair trial. Our present State Superintendent has his heart in the work, and, with much zeal, energy and efficiency, he is devoting his entire time to this great interest. He is ably backed by a large number of influential men in both branches of the General Assembly, and has the full confidence of the Executive. Let intelligent men, in all the counties, rally to his support in building up a system which shall be a blessing to all the people of the State.

OUR WILMINGTON LETTER.

A Caution to Travelers--A Fine Hotel--The Beautiful Place of Mr. Kidder.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 18, 1873.

Editors Constitution: The most delightful route North is via Bay Line. By leaving on the night train from Atlanta one is obliged to remain over either a night at Wilmington, N. C., or a day at Weldon. By leaving on the morning train this will be avoided. To those who prefer ease and pleasure we would advise them in every instance to remain over at Wilmington, N. C., at the Purcell House, one of the very best hotels in the United States. The proprietor, Mr. Davis, (formerly of the Screven House, Savannah,) is a courteous gentleman, and the house is conducted on the strictest principle of decorum and order, and the table is bountifully supplied with luxuries. Wilmington is a city of considerable pretensions with a population of about 45,000,—15,000 of whom are of the white race.

We visited this morning the residence of Mr. Edward Kidder, where we saw not only the choicest flowers in the greatest profusion, but a choice selection of oil paintings from Spanish, Italian and Roman masters; also engravings excavated from the ruins of Pompeii and recopied some three years ago; also the Bay of Naples sleeping so calmly at the foot of Vesuvius, its waters crimsoned with its burning lava, and the towering St. Elmo at the left. These engravings were brought from Europe by Mr. Kidder, who was one of the few Americans who received the decoration of honor for kindness rendered the sufferers.

[illegible] has the trouble of defending me from the rank of hounds who would hunt me down, I think it best to sign no name.

The Texas Cotton Crop.

A few days ago we printed a telegraphic report of a heavy frost in Texas, which killed the young cotton in twenty-odd counties heard from. Letters since received confirm this destruction as to the counties of which they speak, and it is probable that full mail accounts will verify the telegraphic statement of the extent of the damage. We make the following extract of a letter from Mr. Clark Smith, a Georgian just settled in Texas, to the Griffin Star. The letter is dated Larissa, Texas, April 3d, and states that "the principal product in East Texas at present is corn and cotton—barely enough of the former to answer home consumption." Here is what the letter says about the frost and the replanting of cotton:

"I arrived at Larissa, Texas, on the 25th ult., just in time to witness a severe freeze on the following night, killing all kinds of vegetation—early corn and the crop being entirely destroyed. Wheat has also been damaged to some extent. There are considerable preparations being made for a large crop this year in Texas, and, from what I can learn, a full crop of cotton will be planted again this season.

☞ The Atlantic disaster has renewed the discussion of the relative merits of iron and wood for ship building purposes. The Atlantic was an iron ship, and the fact that overtook her when her bottom struck Meagher's rock is instanced as an evidence of one of the many dangers to which vessels built of iron are subject. The inflexibility of iron, which prevents its "giving," renders an iron-built ship liable to fracture when subjected to the strain caused by the tossing and heaving of the waves. Wooden ships under the same circumstances would yield somewhat, and would adapt themselves to the changes of the water level. The rivets which join the plates of metal of which an iron ship is composed are also pointed out as a source of sometimes fatal weakness, as the effect of the removal of the metal to make place for these rivets weakens the cohesive power of the ship. This fact also operates to destroy the efficiency of the water-tight compartments into which iron ships are subdivided, if not to make them absolutely dangerous when the strain upon the vessel becomes too great, especially when it is considered that the weaknesses and defects of ships thus built cannot as readily be detected and remedied as in the case of similar defects in wooden vessels.

THE WRECK OF A LEADING EDITOR.—The New York Star says:

"MR. MARBLE'S CONDITION.—The weakness with which Mr. M. M. Marble, editor of the World, has so long been afflicted seems to have taken the direction dreaded by his friends, softening of the brain having at last set in. The helpless condition of Mr. Hasting's *protege* carries its lesson to all young Americans. They live too fast, strive for too much money, waste the oil in their lamps, and in mid life sink into uselessness or worse. The story of his devotion will be told at another time, when his poor brain has found that rest for which it now but feebly asks. It is hoped that months of entire rest may so far restore Mr. Marble that his friends can take him to Europe for treatment. We earnestly trust that his present pitiable condition may not last long. To one so gifted even death is preferable to idiocy, or even a milder form of incurable lunacy."

☞ Should the president (male) of a female college kiss the students? The Rev. Dr. Munsell, president of the Illinois Wesleyan University, has been brought before the trustees upon a charge of "paternally kissing the young ladies." The trustees report that they "regard the course of Dr. Munsell in kissing *different* young ladies as unwise and improper," from which we infer that the salutes would have been perfectly wise and proper if the doctor had confined himself to one young lady. But the trustees say that the kissing was always "in the presence of third parties, so that there could have been no improper intent." This is mild; but the doctor is huffy about the matter, and has resigned the president's chair.—*New York Tribune.*

PROBABLE RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY DELANO.—And so, after all the denials on the subject, it is now admitted in official quarters that not only Delano's resignation has been received, but also that it will be accepted. Ex-Senator James Nye still persists in the hope that he will be nominated to the vacancy.

Daily Condensations.

The salary of a first-class church tenor in New York, this year, is from $2,500 to $3,000

A gentleman in Kansas had a reception at his house the other night, and when his guests went away it took him all night to wash the tar and pick the feathers off his person.

The effort in behalf of the endowment fund for the University of Virginia commenced a short time since, has already resulted in securing $500,000.

Thayer, the biographer of Beethoven, says that the great composer looked like a little ugly mulatto, was very short, had a yellow skin, broad spread nose, and projecting teeth, over which his heavy lips shut; with a slight Indian look about the cheek bone.

THE CONSTITUTION'S SPECIAL

Destructive Fire in Griffin

Loss of $10,000 or 12,000.

GRIFFIN, April 21, 1873.

About nine o'clock last night a fire broke out here, which destroyed two of the most valuable dwelling houses in the city.

MRS. SHIRLEY'S HOUSE.

One was owned by Mrs. Shirley and occupied by Major Slaton. It was valued at $6,000 and was not insured. Major Slaton lost all his valuables, and barely saved the lives of his children, two of whom had been very sick.

A. SCHEURMANN'S HOUSE.

The other was the residence of A. Scheurmann, valued at $6,000 and insured at $1,000. Mr. Scheurmann saved the most of his furniture. His flower garden, costing $1,000 or $1,500, was totally ruined, and also several very fine shade trees. The loss of the garden and trees cannot be easily replaced.

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE.

The fire originated in the kitchen, and was caused by a stove-pipe that passed through the roof. The fire broke out while the people generally were at church.

STILL MORE.

The stillness of the night only prevented a disastrous conflagration. The people forgot their Sunday clothes and pitched in with a vim to conquer the Fire King.

Death of Colonel W. A. Carr

Revival News.

Bishop Beckwith in Athens.

ATHENS, April 21, 1873.

Colonel William A. Carr died yesterday at ten o'clock after an illness of several months. His death has been expected for several weeks. He was seventy-seven years old.

Dr. Ware is improving.

A GLORIOUS REVIVAL.

A revival has been progressing in the Oconee Street Methodist Church for two weeks. Up to last night forty have been added to the church. The pastor, Rev. M. W. Arnold, is very energetic, and labors with great zeal for his Master's cause.

BISHOP BECKWITH.

Bishop John W. Beckwith preached at Emanuel Church, and lectured at St. Mary's yesterday and confirmed about twenty persons.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Wall Street Quiet.

The Gas Strike Ended.

Bull's Head Bank Resumed.

Robbery of a Freight Train.

New Captain General in Cuba

WASHINGTON.

THE CLAIMS COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Court of Claims has rendered a judgment in favor of Emmon P. Sykes for $3,353 in the Mississippi cotton case. The week will be occupied in hearing the heavy cotton cases known as the Vicksburg cases. They involve several hundred thousand dollars. All will be tried together.

Professor Baird, United States Commissioner of fish and fisheries, has just dispatched letters, by Mr. Green and four attendants, to Augusta, Ga., for the purpose of commencing the work of shad catching, with a view to re-stocking the Southern and Western waters. After the season closes at Augusta, Mr. Green will proceed northward and continue his labor successively at Newbern, Weldon, Fredericksburg, Washington, and other localities. A portion of the fish hatched out will be placed in the river at each particular station and others will be transmitted by rail to adjacent waters.

STEAMBOAT SUPERVISORS.

Both on the Atlantic coast and in the Mississippi Valley the Board of Supervising Steamboat Inspectors are still engaged in a revision of the general rules and expect to complete it by Wednesday.

PROBABILITIES.

A disturbance of some magnitude is apparently about to develop in the eastern and central portions of the Gulf of Mexico. For Tuesday in the Southern States continued warm southwesterly winds with hazy and partly cloudy weather and possibly rain on the coast of Texas. A storm of some magnitude extends slowly eastward from the lower Missouri Valley towards Illinois and the upper lakes.

NEW YORK.

QUIET.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The Wall street markets are free of excitement, and all apprehensions of trouble seem to have passed away. The week opens with general improvement. Sales of Southern bonds amount to two hundred thousand dollars with steady prices, and an improved demand for prime commercial paper.

Most of the gas men, who have been on a strike for some time past, have commenced work at other occupations. There are but a few who loiter around their old headquarters. The Bullshead Bank has resumed business.

A GAMBLER COMES TO GRIEF.

Thomas Barclay, keeper of a faro bank in the Bowery, was arrested to-day on the charge of fatally beating Herschel Mendlefaum in his den last week.

SHIP SUNBEAM IN DISTRESS.

The ship Sunbeam, from Doboy for Liverpool, is spoken of April 15th by the brig S. Vinichols as apparently unmanageable and leaking. She returned no answer to the inquiry if she wanted assistance.

PENNSYLVANIA.

ANOTHER ROBBERY.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—Eight freight cars, loaded with flour, tobacco and miscellaneous goods from the West, consigned to New York, have been robbed.

CUBA.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAPTAIN GENERAL.

HAVANA, April 21.—The new Captain-General has arrived. Not a cheer was uttered, not even for Spain, by the immense crowd which witnessed the debarkation. The new Captain-General said he hoped he would soon be able to finish the rebellion. His first measure will probably be ordering an election of deputies to the Cortes.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES

WASHINGTON.

JUDGE LOCHRANE.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Judge Lochrane, who is here engaged in test cotton cases, declines having anything to do with Georgia appointments or politics.

NEW YORK.

BARTON & ALLEN'S LIABILITIES.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The liabilities of Barton & Allen are $300,000; assets considerable.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 19 3-8; Orleans 19½; sales 1,459 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day 1,757 bales; gross 4,619.

Cotton—Sales for export to-day 7,294 bales; Saturday evening 220.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day, 15,700 bales as follows: April, 18 11-16@18 13-16. May, 18 13-16@18 15-16. June, 19 3-16@19¼. July, 19 5-16@19 7-16. October, 17 9-16.

Flour steady and rather more doing. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Wheat a shade firmer and in moderate demand, most for spring; winter quiet. Corn fairly active and a shade firmer. Rice quiet at 7¼@8¼. Pork firmer and quiet. Beef steady. Lard firmer at 9¼@9 11-16. Navals unchanged. Tallow 9. Freights lower.

The supply of money increasing at 7, go'd, to a fraction commission. Sterling 5a5¼. Gold 17¼@17¾. Governments closed firm at ¼@¼ advance. Tennessees strong and other States dull but steady.

LATER—$1s 20¾; 62s 18½; 64s 18½; 65s 20, new 17¼; 67s 19¼; 68s 17½; new 5s 1:½; 10-40s 13¾. Tennessee 6s 79¾; new 79. Virginia 6s 43; new 49. Consols 92 1-2. Deferred 18¾. Louisiana 6s 45; new 40. Levee 6s 40; 8s 50. Alabama 8s 80; 5s 53. Georgia 6s 70; 7s 89. North Carolina 6s 30; new 16. Special tax 13. South Carolina 6s 30; new 18½. April and October 20.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.—Cotton demand active; middlings 18 7-8, net receipts 7,852 bales; gross 8,256; exports to Great Britain 9,827; coastwise 574; sales 3,500; last evening 3,000; stock 162,476.

MOBILE, April 21.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18 1-8; net receipts 155 bales; exports coastwise 444; sales 500; stock 35,325.

AUGUSTA, April 21.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 17 1-2, receipts 139 bales; sales 685.

GALVESTON, April 21.—Cotton—net receipts 790 bales; exports coastwise 298; sales 300; stock 53,042.

CHARLESTON, April 21.—Cotton—net receipts 395 bales; exports to continent 1,595; coastwise 1,186; sales 200; stock 31,519.

BOSTON, April 21.—Cotton—gross receipts 336 bales; sales 300; stock 11,000.

CINCINNATI, April 21.—Flour firm at $7 50@7 75. Corn firm at 42. Provisions excited and active. Pork, $18 bid, but held higher with light offerings. Lard firm; steam 8¼@8¾; kettle 8¾@9; jobbing sales of the city at the latter rate. Bacon held higher; shoulders 7¾; clear rib sides 9½; clear 10, with a good demand at ¼ lower. Whisky steady at 90.

NORFOLK, April 21.—Cotton—net receipts 445 bales; exports coastwise 1,729; sales 100; stock 6,581.

BALTIMORE, April 21.—Cotton—gross receipts 670 bales; exports coastwise 81; sales 96; stock 10,591.

Flour steady. Corn firm but scarce; white 48@47; yellow 44. Oats—Southern 42@45. Provisions firm but unchanged. Whisky 91 1-2.

LOUISVILLE, April 21.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn in good demand and firm at 40@47 for mixed and white, sacked. Provisions active and higher. Pork $18@18 50. Shoulders 7¾@8; clear rib sides 9 3-4; clear sides 10, packed. Lard, tierces 9@9 1-4; kegs 10@10 1-4. Whisky steady at 90.

MEMPHIS, April 21.—Cotton—receipts 1,069 bales; shipments 3,464; stock 38,702.

WILMINGTON, April 21.—Cotton—net receipts 54 bales; exports coastwise 29; stock 4,454.

SAVANNAH, April 21.—Cotton—net receipts 983 bales; exports coastwise 1,010; sales 478; stock 41,428.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—Flour dull and drooping; business small. Corn active and higher, with little demand for trade. No. 2 mixed 36@36½ in elevator; sacked 38. Whisky quiet 86@87. Pork active, higher and irregular; sold at $16; standard $18 50. Bacon strong; some sales at higher rates; shoulders 7¾, seller 1 month; 7 1-2, cash; clear rib sides 10 1-2, May 10 3-4; last half of June 10@10½, cash; lard higher at 9.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—Cotton closed firm; sales include 8,000 American from Savannah or Charleston, March or April delivery 9 1-4; February and March 9 7-16.

Lard 41s.

LONDON, April 21.—Tallow 43s 9d. Turpentine 40s 6d@41.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

ON and after this date Ice will be delivered from the ATLANTA ICE HOUSE, at 1¼ cents per pound, wholesale; 1½ cents per pound, retail.

apr22-d1t H. F. EMERY.

CUMMINGS' KING CURE!

This wonderful Lotion cures

Fresh Cuts, Bruises and Burns, Ringworms, Chilblains, and Styes. It is also good for Old Sores, Ulcers,

Sore Eyes, Risings, Reduction of Tumors, Putrid Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Fever Blisters,

Sores caused by Vegetable Poison, and Bites of Poisonous Insects.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING.

For bad Cuts or Bruises, adjust the cut or lacerated parts, and bind up with a linen or soft cotton bandage, and keep the affected parts moist with the lotion. Made and sold by

apr22-d&wlt R. CUMMINGS, Palmetto, Ga.

EXCURSION

TO

ORPHANS' HOME,

Decatur, Ga.

ANNIVERSARY OCCASION!

THE Anniversary of the Orphans' Home of the North Georgia Conference will be held on Friday, April 25. Rev. Dr. A. G. Haygood will deliver the Anniversary Address.

The children of the Atlanta Baptist Orphans' Home are expected to be present by invitation, and representatives from other similar institutions, and there will be interesting exercises, participated in by the orphans. Visitors will be passed on all the railroads coming into Atlanta at half fare. Cars will be provided for all by the passenger train at half past eight A. M.

apr22-d4t

Corn at Auction.

WILL be sold (*for freight*) by the Live Auction House of T. C. Mayson, Wednesday morning, 23d April, 10 o'clock,

1,000 Bushels of Corn in Good New Sacks.

J. H. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

Sales positive. Terms cash. apr23-d1t

Old Fellows, Attention.

THE members of Barnes Lodge No. 55 I. O. O. F., are notified to meet at their Lodge Room this (Tuesday) at ernoon at 3 o'clock, to attend the funeral of Brother T. M. Stanford. Members of other Lodges are invited to attend

H. H. DICKSON, N. G.

V. T. BARNWELL, Secretary, apr22-d1t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

2—50 by 200 feet Lots on Elliott Street

I WILL sell on the premises, on Friday afternoon, 25 inst., at precisely 4½ o'clock, 2 vacant Lots 50 by 200 feet on Elliott street, south of Rhodes street and West of the Mineral Spring and Withers' foundry.

These lots are near the Round House, and lie well, and adjoining the celebrated Healy Brick Yard and has the same superior clay now very scarce. Brick makers please examine these lots.

Terms—One half cash, balance in 6 months, with 10 per cent interest.

G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent.

apr22-d2t

GEORGIA, Fayette County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, April 20th, 1873.

MRS. J. D. ROGERS applies for letters of administration upon the estate of Hosea M. Rogers, late of said county, deceased.

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters will be granted said applicant.

L. B. GRIGGS, Ordinary.

apr21-w30d Printer's fee $4.

In the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of Jones & Harper, and Charles M. Harper, Bankrupts—Nos. 534 and 535.

Notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of the creditors of each of the above named bankrupts will be held on the 5th day of May, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Lawson Block, Register in Bankruptcy, Atlanta, Ga.

ap 22-21t W. B. SMITH, Clerk.

GEORGIA, Fayette County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, April 20, 1873.

A. J. SHROPSHIRE applies for permanent letters of administration upon the estate of J. F. Shropshire, late of said county deceased:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in June next, else letters will be granted said applicant.

L. B. GRIGGS, Ordinary.

apr22-w30d Printer's fee $4

W. S. KEESE & CO.,

Gen'l Commission Merchants

AND

Purchasing Agents for all Kinds of Goods.

AGENTS for Manufactories. Orders promptly attended to. Consignments solicited. Office 64 Peachtree street, Powell Block, Atlanta, Ga.

REFERENCES:

Perino Brown, Cashier Citizens' Bank; T. M. Horsey & Bro, Wholesale Hat House; Crane, Boynton & Co, Wholesale Dry Goods; Wm Rich & Co, Wholesale Notions; Fields, Witherspoon & Co, Wholesale Stock Yard; A S Washim, Wholesale Stock Dealer, late of Tennessee. apr3-d6m—ram

FILLEY'S FAMOUS

CHARTER OAK STOVES

ARE MADE SOLELY BY THE

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Are doing more and BETTER COOKING, using Quicker and Cheaper, than any Stove of the same cost.

ARE ALWAYS

LOW-PRICED, RELIABLE,

And Operate Perfectly.

Will do your COOKING CHEAP AND FAST, QUICK AND CLEAN.

ALWAYS WARRANTED

AND

SOLD BY

L. B. LANGFORD,

mar15-2m&4w&tsun Atlanta, Georgia.

United States Commissioner's Court.

Chamber is come; seized cambrics 19 1-2 cents; and all other goods at corresponding reduced rates. He is determined to close his entire stock within the next sixty days. Call and see. apr6-tf

KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

WILL make liberal terms to Winter Boarders Only one hours' ride from Atlanta.

Address FLETCHER & FELTON,

apr20—6t Proprietors.

P. A. STEWART. H. D. AUSTIN. P. L. WIMBAR.

STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.,

Merchant Millers,

Atlanta, { MILLS ON WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD, Corner of Marietta and Simpson Streets. } Georgia,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Celebrated FFF, FF, & Family Brands of Flour,

WE ARE DETERMINED

To Sell for Cash Only!

A strict adherence to the CASH SYSTEM will enable us to sell at prices offering GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO DEALERS TO BUY FOR CASH.

And we are sure they will find it to their interest to examine our Price List before purchasing elsewhere.

WE MAKE ONLY THREE GRADES OF FLOUR,

FFF, FF, AND FAMILY,

put up in Sacks, Half Sacks, and Quarter Sacks; and EVERY SACK IS WARRANTED equal, in its grade, to the BEST on the market.

apr22-d1t STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.

Refrigerators! Refrigerators! Refrigerators!!

I HAVE a splendid stock of Double-Locked, Self-Ventilating REFRIGERATORS—the best in the market. Has no superior. Meats, Vegetables, Milk, etc., kept

Perfectly Cool!

Ventilated in such a manner that one vegetable will not be impregnated with the flavor of another.

Also, a large stock of Gooch's Patent ICE CREAM FREEZERS. They have taken the prize wherever used. Guarantee each one to give entire satisfaction. If it does not, return it and have your money refunded.

Sp endid stock of BIRD CAGES of every description.

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, TIN WARE,

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods,

81 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Splendid Stock of Wood Ware at wholesale, always on hand.

apr20—d2m L. B. LANGFORD.

PHILLIPS, FLANDERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

Boots, Shoes,

Hosiery, Ribbons, Notions, Etc., Etc.

No. 88 Whitehall Street,

apr20—3m ATLANTA, GA.

AT AUCTION,

HOUSE AND LOT,

Situated on Crew street, at the Junction of Peters and Fair streets, marked "Allen" on Cooper's City Map,

Thursday, 24th April

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. RHAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news." mar11-ly

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Carley, Buck & Co.!

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 25 Fryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Water and Oil Colors, &c., a specialty. apr18-codly.

READ! "PASS IT AROUND." TELL YOUR neighbor, and advertise it in THE CONSTITUTION, that the Great Southern Trunk Warehouse is located Steinheimer Bros. New York Store, No. 29 Whitehall street.

Many one asks you, where can I buy a fine Saratoga Trunk? tell him at the "above" establishment. And in addition to that, Steinheimer Bros. can fill that Trunk for you with some of the choicest Dress Goods.

Bleached and Brown Domestics,
White and Colored Piques.
White and Colored Lawns
White and Fancy Linens.
Ladies' Silk Ties and Fichus.
And a Fine Silk Parasol.

And anything to complete a Lady's Wardrobe, at prices which will commend themselves, and you will find it to your interest to deal at this popular establishment, where polite salesmen are ever ready to oblige the dear ladies. Be sure and call at the New York Store, No. 29 Whitehall street, before buying your goods elsewhere. STEINHEIMER BROS.
april 20 3t.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S closing out sale is the place to buy cheap goods. Best prints, 11¼c; striped cambrics, 12c.; 4-4 bleached domestics, 14½c.; Sixteen bone French woven corsets, 65c.; ¾ white marseilles quilts, $1 25; 9 oranges, 25c.; Magnolia and Empress slippers, $2 25, former price, $3 00; one-button kid gloves, 50c.; two-button, 75c., and all other goods at correspondingly reduced rates. jy

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—May can will sell to-morrow morning one thousand bushels of corn in good new racks.

The members of Barnes' Lodge, Odd Fellows, meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Colonel G W Adair will sell on Friday afternoon two fine lots on Elliott street.

Stewart Austin & Co., merchant millers make three grades of flour.

See notice of misery, the great ice man, relative to price of ice.

Dr. Craig's King Cure cures the worst cut or burn.

Excursion to Orphans' Home at Norcross, on Friday, the 25th.

See legal notice by Judge Griggs, Ordinary of Fayette county.

See notice in bankruptcy.

MR. ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, of Palmetto, is proprietor of that fine specific—"King Cure."

REV. O. C. PAPE and his school, from Shellsville, Jefferson county, picnic to Stone Mountain on the 15th.

A COPPER mine near Union Point is exciting great attention just now, and preparations are being made to develop it.

THE work of constructing the monument to the Confederate dead, in the Cemetery has been commenced.

DON'T fail to try some of Thompson's ice cream this warmish weather. With his usual enterprise he has opened an early campaign for this luxury.

"ROCK PEER" is flowing responsive to the jingle of persuasive nickels deposited at various city saloons by thirsty patrons.

MODERATING.—The weather is warmer, as I now is the winter of our discontent rendered sugnestive of a coming heated term by the brushing up of soda fountains and the sale of "ice lemonade" on the streets.

"AND SMELT IT SO, HORATIO?"—The presumption is that there has been an arrival within a day or so of fertilizers in the city.

BIVALVES.—The mouth may "water" and the inner man may "yearn," but cannot be satisfied, as we learn that no more fresh oysters will be brought here this season.

WE are pleased to see Mr. Pinson, of the firm of Pinson & Harville, Druggists, on Decatur street, convalescent from his recent illness.

Arch. Avary, in charge of the prescription department, has likewise returned to duty.

HIBERNIAN PICNIC.—The Hibernians are beginning to make arrangements for their annual picnic. They always get up everything of the kind in tip top style. They generally select excellent places for holding their picnics, carry out large numbers, have a merry time,

"And feel so awfully jolly
When the band begins to play."

DRAMATIC, MUSICAL, AND EQUESTRIAN NOTES—James Melville, the Australian bareback rider, sports diamonds valued at $40,000.

Barnum will send three dozen Indians to the Vienna Exposition, including squaws and papooses.

Blanche and Ella Chapman are doing an immense business at the Metropolitan, San Francisco.

Lydia Thompson goes to Europe on the 31st of May, and expects to return in the fall.

The National Theater in Washington city is to be rebuilt.

Happy Cal Wagner's Southern tour proved a perfect El Dorado in a pecuniary point of view.

Blind Tom is in Iowa.

THE KIMBALL HOUSE.—The Kimball House began the strawberry season on Sunday. Col. Nichols, the enterprising proprietor, ordered a large supply from Savannah from the famous Jasper Spring gardens, and gave his fortunate guests a bountiful supply.

The Colonel keeps his table supplied with only luxuries at any cost.

The following notice of the above hotel we clip from the LaGrange Reporter:

All the people should read the advertisement of the Kimball House, to be found in another column. The prices of board have been graded according to the floor on which guests take rooms. This enables a man who does not want to pay four dollars a day for board, to get just as good for two dollars and a half, by going above the fourth floor. He eats at the same table and gets the same fare as if he roomed on the first floor, and gets just as nice a room, for all the rooms are furnished in the same elegant style. To remedy the difficulty of going up and down so many flights or steps, the proprietor runs his elevator by steam, and it requires only a minute or two to reach the highest floors. The steam elevator makes the upper rooms as accessible as the lower ones. The fare at the Kimball House is better than it was some months ago; it is now master of everything that can be had in this country. The sleeping apartments are superb, and the proprietor, Colonel Nicholls, spares no effort to make his guests comfortable. If you want to "fare sumptuously every day," be sure to go to the Kimball House.

THE FIRST MINT JULEP.—The mineral spring of Mr. Camp is located near the terminus of the West End Street Railway. West End is too well known to require a line from us. Its inhabitants are principally business of the city, who enjoy the fresh air of the country, and whose families revel in the delights of cool breezes, shady bowers and picturesque gardens, and who see nothing of the din and bustle, the hurry and worry and toil and vexation of Atlanta right by them. They do not cry out for water works, have no unearthly whistling of engines, are not blockaded by railroad crossings. The clang of the anvil, the whir of the wheel, the whoos of the bellows, and the buzz of the saw do not disturb them. Very often the harrassed merchant, the wearied banker, the worn down Judge, the overworked lawyer, the bustling real estate agent, after a day of enervating labor in Atlanta, leaps aboard a street car, has a pleasant drive through Whitehall, Mitchell and Peters streets, passing near Pellegrini's Terra Cotta Works, the Barracks, the near and comfortable residences along the line of the railway, and is soon whirled to the new depot at the end of the road, and a short walk lands him at the mineral spring. Seated near it he quaffs its health giving waters, in a moment he becomes a new man, and feels that life was made for something else than the feverish pursuit of dollars. The very breeze that plays around that locality brings color to the cheeks, elasticity to the nerves and vigor to the frame.

But this reporter simply intended to refer to a mint julep that was prepared a day or two since—well within the limits of West End, his pen having run off from the subject he will let Milton furnish a description of the julep.

But first behold this cordial julep here,
That flames and glances in its crystal bounds,
With spirits of balm and cordial syrups mixed;
Not that nepenthe which the wife of Thone,
In Egypt gave to Jove born Helena,
Had o'er the power to stir up joy like this,
To life so friendly, and so cool to thirst.

THE GEORGIA WESTERN RAILROAD.

Unanimous and Unanimous Action of the Board.

Every Citizen to be a Stockholder.

The Board of Directors met at ten A. M. yesterday Major Campbell Wallace in the chair, and the following directors present: John Collier, G. W. Adair, H. T. Clarke, J. H. Jones, J. A. Hayden, A. W. Mitchell, A. Leyden, and W. J. Garrett.

The President requested Mr. J. H. James to take the chair, and then read to the board a resolution of the City Council requesting the officers of the Georgia Western Railroad Company to push forward the work on the road, and endeavor to procure assistance from other sources. He then explained to the board the measure had adopted, and plans pursued, to carry into effect the said resolution, and laid before them the result of his labors. In conclusion he submitted the following

LETTER OF RESIGNATION:

ATLANTA, GA., April 21, 1873.

To the Honorable Board of Directors of the Georgia Western Railroad:

Having to the best of my ability, performed the duties of President of your company thus far, I feel myself at liberty to resign the office into your hands. I do this for several reasons, not the least of which is the earnest desire of my family and my own wish for rest and quiet. Another reason, and perhaps the only one of consequence for you to know, is that I have not the mental capacity to make the construction of the Georgia Western Railroad a success in the way in which the City Council has from time to time, by its action, indicated a desire that it should be done.

The city of Atlanta is the *stockholder* and the *Council is the city*, and knowing my inability to carry out its views it is my duty to resign, which I now do, in the most respectful manner, and with the high regard for every citizen of the place I ask as due to myself, that you appoint a committee to examine the books and other matters connected with the work, at once. Very respectfully,

CAMPBELL WALLACE.

REQUESTED TO WITHDRAW IT.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. A. Leyden and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby respectfully request Major Campbell Wallace to withhold his resignation of the Presidency of the Georgia Western Railroad until the citizens of Atlanta can be heard from.

WON'T ACCEPT THE CHANGE.

The action of the City Council, in its attempt to change the subscription of the city from cash to bonds, was then discussed and the following resolution was then presented by Colonel John Collier and adopted:

Whereas, The City Council of Atlanta did, at their last meeting, endeavor to change the city subscription to the Georgia Western Railroad from cash to bonds, without the consent of the corporate authorities of said railroad; therefore,

Resolved by the Board of Directors of the Georgia Western Railroad Company, That we do not accept the proposed change of the city subscription; that we deny their right to change said subscription without the consent of said corporation.

THE BOARD ASK THAT THE PEOPLE BE HEARD.

It was then proposed that the Board agree upon some plan by which the wishes of the people may be expressed in reference to the said formal subscription author zed by the Legislature.

Col. E. Y. Clarke offered the following resolution which was adopted without a dissenting voice:

Resolved, That the City Council be requested to submit the question of increasing the city subscription to the Georgia Western Railroad to $1,000,000 to the people with the understanding that the amount be raised by additional taxation, and that each taxpayer be entitled to and shall receive certificates of stock for the amount of tax paid by him for this purpose.

Major Campbell Wallace finally consented to withhold his resignation for the present.

The meeting thereupon adjourned.

W. P. ORME, Secretary.

ICE will be delivered from and after to-day from the Atlanta Ice House at 1¾ cts per pound wholesale, and 2½ cts per pound, retail.

THE Atlanta Turn Verein will soon have a grand parade in their new uniform, and picnic at the West End Brewery. They are rapidly filling up their membership.

THE New York Store is thronged with eager purchasers of Saratoga trunks. They have also the celebrated Mary Stewart alpaca, ribbons, laces and choice dress goods.

IF you want staple or fancy dry goods, boots, shoes, hosiery, ribbons or notions call at the popular house of Phillips, Flanders & Co. You will find Col. Phillips and his courteous clerks ever ready to serve you and sell you choice goods and fine bargains.

THE Quarterly Meeting of the DeKalb county Sunday School Association was held at Rehoboth Church last Saturday. The meeting was an interesting one, and the reports from the several schools were very cheering. The next meeting will be held with the two Union Sabbath Schools at Stone Mountain on the Saturday before the third Sunday in July.

ANOTHER "CAR-HOOK AFFAIR."—On Sunday night, some of the street car drivers on the Marietta street line, was making his last trip, a negro passenger attempted to rob him. Having no time for moral persuasion, the driver knocked him down with his car hook. The thickness of the darkey's skull prevented another Foster murder, but the blow was amply effective to stop all further demonstrations on the part of the negro who disappeared with a rap div that was astonishing.

THE TEMPERANCE ADDRESS.—The Good Templars' Hall was filled last night to hear the announced address of Rev. W. D. Adkinson. This gentleman is the State Lecturer of the Temperance organization of Georgia. He is a man of decided ability, and kept his large audience interested in an address of more than an hours' length. He pictured in fervent colors, intemperance within the church as well as without, and illustrated his points by many telling incidents. His address was one of the finest we have ever heard upon this important subject, and we regret that want of space forbids our giving its leading features which are well worthy of notice.

Upon the conclusion of his remarks an invitation was extended to all outsiders present to join the Lodge. We learn that Mr. H. T. Cox accepted the invitation, and that a number of others sent forward their names, who will join at the next meeting on Monday night. Success to the movement.

PERSONAL.—Colonel A. M. Speights, of the Griffin News, was in the city yesterday.

Colonel L. P. Grant, Colonel J. T. Grant, Mr. W. B. Grant, W. J. Houston, W. L. Wadsworth, and Dr. J. P. Logan left Monday morning for Texas via the Atlanta and West Point Road.

The following were registered at the Kimball House yesterday: G H Dietz, P T Johnson, Louisville, Ky; George Lumpkin, Athens; M F Plant, Memphis; C D Findlay, Macon; G P Walker, Savannah; T H Castleton, St. Louis; E B Edwards, Penn; Col R G Taylor, Miss Kate Taylor, Miss Georgia Taylor, Sister Mountain; Oliver Torrey, Mrs Torrey, Miss Torrey, Indiana; Dr N J Bussey, Columbus; F A Herwey, Ala; M T Walker, Mrs Walker, West Point.

The following were registered at the National: R H Dallas, Columbus; M L Seaman, J N McLane, Pensacola; C C Sanders, Gainesville; G A Bida, St Louis; J H Bora, Lithonia; W D Johnson, Griffin; M P Anderson, Covington; P H Morris, Montgomery; P S Bussey, F C Foster, Madison; J L Evans, Md; M Sullivan, Albany; Col J W Goldsmith, Stone Mountain.

A. T. FINNEY.—This active and energetic manufacturer and dealer in fine carriages, on Broad street, by his excellent workmanship, complete assortment of carriages, and reasonable prices, has been enabled to add another to Atlanta's industries. We are gratified to state that the business of Mr. Finney is regularly increasing and enlarging. His store or salesroom is some two hundred feet deep, extended through from Broad to Forsyth street. Passing through it yesterday, we examined a variety of stock unequaled in quantity, class, style and superiority of workmanship. We saw a beautiful, durable and comfortable phaeton for a physician, any number of elegant buggies, an excellent family Bench wagon, also a very neat extension top vehicle, just finished for a gentleman of the city. It was very apparent from going through his store that Mr. Finney keeps up with the best improvements of the period, and in this special particular exhibits the utmost watchfulness and capacity in securing those newest appliances which promise the greatest amount of satisfaction and guarantee of excellence to his patrons. We saw some twelve or fifteen wagons being the last of a contract for some thirty odd made by him for the Singer Sewing Machine Company, which for beauty, finish and durability will compare favorably with similar wagons from any manufactory. Want of space prevents a notice of the entire establishment. The paint room, trimming room, room for rubbing down work, wood room, blacksmith shops, etc., all are complete. Mr. Finney not only manufactures, but also does repairing, and we noticed his large yard filled with vehicles for repairing. His harness room is filled with a large and varied assortment. Some thirty or forty hands are employed by him.

An examination of Mr. Finney's stock will repay all who are interested in the line of articles in which he deals.

Messrs. Witt & Joiner, of the Atlanta Auction House, are doing a fine business.

Brotherton's closing out sale attracting large crowds. Try to get bargains and get them.

WALLACE & FOWLER sold the Freeman House on Tatnall street yesterday evening for $800 to Rev. F. P. Perine.

MR. LEWIS H. ALEXANDER accidentally shot himself in the hand Sunday morning in front of the store of Jerry Lynch, the "Fancy's Clothier," inflicting a painful but not serious wound.

THE action of the Board of Directors of the Georgia Western Railroad will probably meet the warm approbation of the City Council, and the Georgia West'rn will move rapidly on to completion. The first twenty miles is nearly ready for the rails.

ANNIVERSARY OF ORPHANS' HOME.—The anniversary of the Orphans' Home of the North Georgia Methodist Conference, takes place at Decatur on the 25th. Rev. A. G. Haygood, D. D., delivers the address. Visitors will be transported at half fare. The exercises will be interesting. We hope to see a large crowd there.

COL. G. W. ADAIR will sell at 4 P. M. today the A. M. Parker home on Thompson street.

PARTIES wishing to attend the sale of lots at Fort Royal, will have to leave Atlanta at 2:15 P. M. on Wednesday.

THE Excursion Committee of the Convention of Governors met yesterday and discussed a programme. They will publish the route as soon as perfected.

WORK on the Broad street cistern, in front of the Sun office, is progressing vigorously. It will hold 115,000 gallons of water, or Moore.

MAYSON will sell one thousand bushels of corn to-morrow morning.

The members of Barnes Lodge Odd Fellows meet at three o'clock to bury Mr. T. M. Stanford.

The members of the City Council and the Board of Water Commissioners will meet in the Recorder's Court Room of the new station house, at 8 o'clock to-night.

THE Broad street dust and water brigade paraded in front of Granite Block yesterday, and was inspected by Brevet Brigadier General Herbst. They charged upon the dust with hoes and were soon masters of the field

STEWART, AUSTIN & CO.—The reputation of Stewart, Austin & Co. as millers is not circumscribed by the limits of this State. The character of their brands of flour is demonstrated by their popularity. Anything coming from their mills is known to be exactly what is claimed for it. Messrs. S., A. & Co. manufacture three grades of flour, and every sack is warranted equal in its grade to the best in the market. They sell for cash exclusively, and are prepared to offer fine inducements to all wishing to supply themselves with a choice article of flour. We commend them and their flour to the attention of our readers.

Martin Luther and the Bible. By the Rev. Dr. Strong, Southern Board of Education, Philadelphia. The main object of the author is not so much to delineate the character of Martin Luther, as to show the powerful influence which the circulation of the Bible which Luther translated, has produced. There are, however, many interesting scenes from the life of Martin Luther, introduced from the time of his residence at Erfurt. The volume is likely to make the character of Martin Luther familiarly known and properly appreciated.

A NEW WAY TO KILL FLEAS.—An ingenious gentleman, who resides near the Rolling Mill thought he would try a new way to kill the fleas which were troubling his dog. So a few days ago he saturated this unhappy animal with kerosene oil, and touched him off with a cigar. The experiment succeeded beyond his most sanguine expectations. The fleas disappeared at once—and so did the dog. When last seen this wretched quadruped was traveling over the distant hills, in a light blaze, and heading for Iceville. It is presumed that the fleas are all destroyed, as nothing further has been heard from them.

THE CHURCHES.

Interesting Discourse by Dr. Wills.

Services at the Other Churches.

Statistics of the Central Presbyterian Church for the Past Year, etc.

Dr. Wills' Address to Young Men at the First Baptist Church.

At the request of the young men of the city, this distinguished Divine consented to deliver an address especially to them Sunday night at the First Baptist Church. The announcement of the sermon drew forth one of the largest audiences ever assembled in that church. Numbers were turned away unable to procure seats, and those who were more fortunate listened to the address with the deepest interest. Want of space forbids our publishing it in full, but we give below some of the more prominent points:

The text was taken from the first epistle of John. "I have written unto you young men because ye are strong."

According to the conception of the old Greek the highest type of womanhood is beauty and of manhood strength, and this accords with Milton's model. The kind of young men that the age wants is not like the vane upon the church steeple turned by every wind, but rather like the rock, which turns the wind that beats against it.

The elements of power that our young men ought to wield are three in number, muscular, mental and moral.

FIRST MUSCULAR LABOR.

The fundamental laws of political economy show that no high civilization can be attained without labor. The transformation of matter from a crude and imperfect state into one of usefulness and beauty can only be done by labor. Previous to the war the aristocracy of the South was one of wealth; now it is an aristocracy of labor.

Five arguments may be adduced for physical labor.

1st. The whole constitution of man shows that he was intended to be a laborious being.

2d. Also seen in the constitutional course of the natural world.

3d Ever since his state of primeval innocence man has been directed by his Creator to labor with his own hands.

4th. The fall of man shows additional necessity for labor, as now he shall eat his bread by the sweat of his brow.

5th. Providence awards a splendid premium to wise and well directed labor.

Without more industry in this country, since the losses of the war, one of the most important institutions will fall into neglect—the institution of marriage.

The morality of society depends upon the number of its marriages, and, unless more is produced and less expended, the marital rights will be seldom celebrated. Young men of small salaries cannot support wives who live up to the requisitions of modern fashion. If our young ladies would taste the sweets of connubial bliss, they must cultivate less acquaintance with mantua-makers and milliners, and more with the principles of domestic economy.

SECOND—MENTAL LABOR.

The second element of power is that of a cultivated mind. That "Knowledge is Power" is a maxim that will stand the test of time. The man who has it is stronger than ten thousand men who have it not. The strongest mind will always rule in every sphere in life.

Ideas control the world. The superiority of science which is a knowledge of the phenomena of nature, is seen in the means of locomotion, and the increased ways of diffusing knowledge among men. In its splendid achievements, it substitutes the energies of nature for mere brute force, and thus makes winds, waters and lightnings believe what it required hundreds of sinews to do in other ages of the world.

From the great battles of the world, within the last fifty years, numerous illustrations are furnished of superiority of science over brute force. It is seen in the recent European wars, where the spectacled German hastied to destruction the navies and armies of France.

Every man can educate himself. According to Sir W. Hamilton, knowledge is only valuable as it exercises and develops and strengthens the mind. Education produces education. It is not therefore by reading many books, but digesting a few.

THIRD—MORAL LABOR.

The highest element of power is moral labor. This is shown by contrasting the lives and labors, first of Napoleon and St. Paul, who were supposed to have been equal by nature; second, of Lord Byron and Henry Martin, who commenced life with equal gifts; third, of Luther and Voltaire, men of great mental power and moral courage, and the results of whose labors are essentially different.

Young men have three powerful enemies to contend against.

1st. The first lies in a glass beam under a cork pool, and looks out of blue windows with a smiling face and sparkling eye.

The second dwells in the secret place of the gilded saloon, and under the brilliant blaze of chandeliers. It is where a man stakes on chance the fortunes of a family for bread.

The third lies in the high places of the city and State, and offers office and honor and fame in the way to destruction.

Dr. Wills closed with a touching invocation to his young hearers as to the necessity of sincerity and unity in religious. We learn that he has been requested to repeat his address, and hope he will do so at an early day.

Second Baptist Church.

This church has been singularly blessed of late by additions to its members and the interest manifested in its meetings. Quite a revival has been progressing here for some time, and the young men of the church and congregation have taken a decided interest in it. Much good is resulting from the efficient labors of its Pastor, Dr. Spalding.

Trinity Church.

The discourse at this church on last Sabbath evening was preached by Mr. Oliver. He chose for his subject the dangers to the Christian attendant upon wealth, and the eager pursuit thereof. The well known scene between our Saviour and the young man who was ready to sacrifice all but his worldly goods, was taken for his text, and commented upon at length. Mr. Oliver made a happy effort last night, and we listened to with much attention.

First Presbyterian Church.

The discourse at the funeral of the late Leonard Mathias Bellingrath was preached Sunday afternoon at the First Presbyterian Church from 1st Cor., 15, 57.

The services were most touching and solemn. The hymns sung by the choir and at the grave were appropriately selected and very beautifully sung.

Central Presbyterian Church.

The services, morning and night, were conducted by the pastor, the Rev. J. T. Leftwich. In the morning service the pastor stated that during the year past the membership had been increased, as well as we could gather from his statement, to the neighborhood of three hundred; and the amount of money raised by the congregation during this year nearly reached the sum of Eleven Thousand Dollars. Crowded congregations now attend this Church every Sabbath morning. Every available pew has been disposed of and indeed many pews have been divided to accommodate those desiring to connect themselves with the congregation. But notwithstanding this fact we feel authorized in saying that room will be made for any and all who desire to cast their lot with the Central.

BURNAM FOR THE BIBLES!

Smith & Moses Can Take Them.

There is nothing more difficult for the Photographer to do than to take good pictures of babies. The little charmers wriggle so much that it requires high art and vast management to secure similitudes of the shifting innocents.

Smith & Moses, our Atlanta artists, have had great success in this line, and we learn that they have the unique idea in contemplation of fixing up a large frame filled with baby pictures. It will be a fine achievement.

Peachtree street has a flock, we understand, with six new boy babies. It is called the "boy block." They will furnish a large contribution to the idea.

Hurrah, for the babies!

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Superior Court Yesterday—Trials Before the United States Commissioner—A Reported Murderer in Custody—Another Sneak Thief Sent to Jail.

Fulton Superior Court.

This body convened yesterday after its Sabbath rest, all, including Judge Hopkins, fresh and ready for the business of the week.

The common law docket was still the order of the day. Four judgments were taken by default, one case was settled and two cases tried. None of them are important.

Seven jurors were fined $40 around for default.

Court adjourned pending the trial of Wm. R. Grantham vs. The Macon and Western Railroad. No. 186, common law, April term, 1873.

No announcement has been made as to the criminal docket, but it will probably not be taken up before the return of the Solicitor from Columbus, where he goes to-day to practice in a very different court from the one he usually attends here.

The United States Commissioner's Court.

The following cases were tried before Commissioner Smith yesterday. The parties are all from Murray county:

United States vs. R. M. Champion Illicit distilling Committed after a hearing in default of a bond of $500.

Joseph Moonyham and Martin O'Neal, charged with the same offence, were discharged after a hearing. Testimony for the defense.

J. D. Hale, W. G. Protsee, J. Thompson and Jacob Pelham, belonging to the same party with the others are now in jail and will be tried on Wednesday morning.

The prisoner Jack Pelham is the suspected murderer of a man named Sylvanus Couch, in Murray county, who was found shot dead some in 1861. A warrant was issued against Pelham, but he has evaded all efforts to catch him until a few days since. Pelham was arrested, together with the others given above, by the United States marshals for illicit distillery. After his arrest for this offence, the sheriff of Murray county demanded him upon his warrant for murder, but the Deputy Marshal refused to give him up and brought him to Atlanta. It is probable, however, that he will be returned to Murray county to be tried for murder. It is said that Pelham has confessed the deed

The Justice's Court.

A colored sneak thief named Berry Jinkens, was brought up before Justice Butt yesterday upon a warrant for larceny from the house. It appears that on last Saturday night he stole eight dollars from Green Johnson, also colored. The evidence was pretty strong against him, so he waived a hearing and went to jail in default of bond.

STATION HOUSE REPORT.

There were seven arrests yesterday. Drunkenness, disorderly conduct and profane language the causes alleged. None of more than usual station house interest.

At the Recorder's Court yesterday morning, thirty-five cases were before him, upon which he administered with his usual affability. We learn he has room for a few more.

Local and Business Notices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Jackson's Magic Balsam has cured Jerry Tate, of Barnesville, Georgia, of a thirty years' rheumatism in his hip. A 25 cents bottle did the deed.

Just think of it, 25 cents' worth of Jackson's Magic Balsam, two applications, curing a case of rheumatism in the hip joint of Jerry Tate, of Barnesville, Georgia, of thirty years' standing.

Sold by Redwine & Fox, George Howard, Henry Pope, and all druggists.
apr22—dtf

FIRE! FIRE!—SLAUGHTER OF FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.—M. & J. Hirsch announce to the public that their stock has been injured by fire to such an extent as to render indispensible the purchase of an entire new stock. They will from this day offer their entire stock of Clothing and Underwear at prices which must close them out at once. This is a rare chance to buy fine goods at merely nominal prices. Call at once. The goods must be sold. M. & J. HIRSCH,
Next door to Chamberlin & Boynton.
apr9—dtf

JOHN KELLY respectfully announces that the liberal patronage with which he has been favored this Spring, renders it necessary for him to purchase another entire stock of goods, and in order to fully make room for the same, he will offer goods from now until May 1st, at such prices as must effect a clearance of them.

Fancy washing Silks (all silk) 40 cents per yard.

Japanese Silks 50 cents per yard, formerly 85 cents per yard.

Fancy Grenadines and Solid Colored Chambrays at 10 cents per yard, worth 25 to 30 cents.

Embroideries cheaper than ever before offered.

White Piques for the million, in every conceivable style and at astonishingly low prices.

Novelties in White Robed Goods—beautiful styles.

Black Grenadines with Satin Stripes, 45 cents per yard, worth 80 cents.

Every piece of Dress Goods in stock has been reduced in price beyond the expectation of the most sanguine.

Cashmere, Linen Fast Goods, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Parasols, Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, etc., all reduced in price.

Purchasers will be interested by an examination of this stock and prices, as the reduction has been made with a view towards offering an entirely new stock in May.

JOHN KELLY,
Corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets.
apr20—d3t

ALL persons indebted to John Peel are notified to come forward and settle, or they will find their notes and accounts in the hands of an officer. JOHN PEEL,
apr20—d3t Marietta street.

NOTICE.—One of the best recommendations of Jackson's Magic Balsam is, that in the town of Barnesville, where the medicine is manufactured, 1,500 bottles have been sold and not a single bottle has failed to give satisfaction. Sold by all druggists.
apr20—dtf

DRUGGISTS, grocers, supply dealers and dry goods merchants, are writing to the proprietor of Jackson's Magic Balsam every day, soliciting agencies to sell the Balsam, and why is this? Two reasons why. One is its own merits. The other is, its merits are made known through the columns of the newspapers.
mar25—dtf

Tailors		Clothiers
Tailors		Clothiers
Tailors	EISEMAN & BRO.,	Clothiers
Tailors		Clothiers
Tailors	56	Clothiers
Tailors		Clothiers
Tailors	WHITEHALL STREET.	Clothiers
Tailors		Clothiers
Tailors		Clothiers
Stock		Boots
Stock		Boots
Stock		Boots
Stock		Boots
Stock		Boots
Stock		Boots
Stock		Boots

mar25—dtf

JACKSON'S BALSAM cures that most disagreeable of all diseases, the Tothache in one minute, by simply bathing the gums with it. Sold by HEARD, CRAIG & Co.
mar25—dtf

FRIEND, are suffering with Neuralgia? If so, go to Heard, Craig & Co.'s and get a small bottle of Jackson's Magic Balsam, and our word for it, you will be the means of selling 50 bottles of it. mar25—dtf

JACKSON'S MAGIC BALSAM conquers Poison, masters Pain, and truly proves the sufferers gain. Sold by
HEARD, CRAIG & Co.,
mar25—dtf Atlanta.

JACKSON'S MAGIC BALSAM will sell fast and always gives satisfaction.
mar25—dtf

BREAKFAST from 6 to 12 M.; dinner from 12 M., until 3 P. M.; Supper from 3 to 12 P. M., at Thompson's Restaurant.
apr17—d1w

BATHS, hot and cold, at anytime, at
apr17-d1w THOMPSON'S.

FAMILIES supplied with Ice Cream in any quantity, at Thompson's Restaurant.
apr17—d1w

A CARD.—All persons suffering from indigestion, biliousness or liver complaints, are cordially invited to inclose a directed envelope to the Secretary of the Botanic Institute, Philadelphia, Pa., who will return therein the excellent Botanic Remedy, recently discovered by Prof. Walker, Government Botanist of Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, and communicated to the Institute by that eminent botanist.

No fee or gratuity will be accepted under any circumstances for this receipe. apr8 d3mo

West End Floral Garden

TRAIN & THURMOND, Proprietors, are prepared to furnish shrubbery, Rose House and Bedding Plants of all varieties. A call in person will satisfy the most fastidious. Orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. Catalogues furnished upon application. Address
P. ST OFFICE BOX 565,
may2-d1m ATLANTA, GA.

Dr. D. DuPRE,

TENDERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS of Atlanta, in the various branches of his profession.

Residence, corner of Cain and Ivy streets.

Office—Over Collier & Venable's Drug Store.
apr19-d1w

STRAYED,

FROM the premises of A. M. Reinhardt, near Palmetto, Georgia, Saturday last, about 13 or 14 DARK BAY MULES. One about 10 years old—horse mule—Roman nose, with green marks, and about 15-hands high. The other, 4 years old—mare mule—close built, also with green marks. The last one of them they were coming towards Atlanta, about two miles below Fairburn, Georgia, Saturday evening last about 3 o'clock. The taker up or any one sending any information to this office, or to either of us at Palmetto, Georgia, leading to their recovery, will be liberally rewarded.
apr17—d1w HENRY E. & JAS. A. PRATT.

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 25 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
Marietta Street,
After October 1st, 1873.
sep19— julyl—dtf

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER

Has long been regarded as the best and cheapest Baking Powder in use. Perfectly pure and healthy. It makes, at short notice, delicious Biscuits, Rolls, &c. There need be no waste of food prepared with it, as it is always of the best quality. We would say to those who have never used it that a very few trials will enable them to use it, not only with entire satisfaction, but with economy.

Put up FULL, NET weight, as represented.

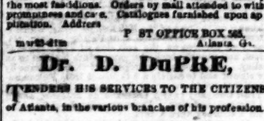
Grocers and Dealers sell it.

DOOLEY & BROTHER, Prop'rs,
60 Row Street,
NEW YORK CITY.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING entirely withdrawn from the Furniture Business, I beg to announce to my old patrons and to the public generally, that I will from henceforth devote my time more particularly to the sale of all classes and grades of

COFFINS & METALLIC BURIAL CASES,



and to the business of

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.

I have, also, connected with my Coffin Warerooms, a

A FURNITURE REPAIR SHOP,

in which all kinds of Furniture will be promptly repaired in the very best style.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. BONNEFOLD,
Corner Marietta and Forsyth streets, under DeGive's Opera House
may3—dtm

JAMES LOCHREY,

Atlanta Dye Works!

The Largest Establishment of its Kind IN GEORGIA.

DYEING AND CLEANING

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, AND BY A FULL CORPS OF THE BEST WORKMEN.

HAVING ENLARGED MY DYE WORKS AND increased the facilities in every respect, I am now prepared to execute all orders for Dyeing and Cleaning Gents' Clothing, Ladies' Dresses, Shawls, Feathers, Gloves, Kid Boots, etc., in the best manner and on the shortest notice. Having had many years experience in the business of dyeing and cleaning, I have now, however, a full corps of experienced workmen.

JUST FROM THE NORTH,

and am fully prepared to execute rapidly all work that may be offered.

OFFICE ON BROUGHTON, 2d, near WHITEHALL.

JAMES LOCHREY,
POST OFFICE BOX 70.
jan28—3mos

PLATT & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

Nos. 7 & 9 JAMES BANK BLOCK,
AND
No. 25 Alabama street,
Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

$250,000 WORTH OF

Prices Low to CASH —AND— Prompt Paying Customers

Great Summer Resort

FOR HEALTH OR PLEASURE,

The Oconee White Sulphur Springs.

(McKinney's) near Gainesville, Georgia.

THE above named Springs have been leased by Mrs. J. G. Trammell & Son, (late of Trammell House, Gainesville,) where their friends and the public generally, who are in quest of either HEALTH or PLEASURE, will find ample means or enjoyment.

The water of these springs need no comment in their medical qualities are known from New York to the Gulf. The climate cannot be surpassed. The Hotel has been newly furnished and guests will be given every attention that is required to make their sojourn pleasant and agreeable. Charges moderate.

apr18-d1m MRS. J. G. TRAMMELL & SON.

Savannah Republican and Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel please copy and send accounts to Gainesville.

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

ROOFING MATERIALS,

FELT, CEMENT AND GRAVEL ROOFING.

Office corner of Walton and Forsyth streets. Factory—Bellwood, on Western and Atlantic Railroad.
apr15 d3m-thereo63m

Best Water in the City.

CITY HOTEL,

NORTHEAST CORNER OF PUBLIC SQUARE,

Gainesville, Georgia,

Just opened for the accommodation of the Public.

TERMS MODERATE.

apr19-d3m MRS. S. A. BUTT, Proprietress.

G. & S. SALOSHIN,

Brokers and Bankers.

LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS
No. 12 Peachtree Street, 4 doors south of Masons Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. apr17-d3mo

M. E. MAHER,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer,

KEEPS constantly on hand the Choicest Brands of Foreign and Domestic LIQUORS.

No. 13 MITCHELL STREET.

Country and City Retail Dealers would do well to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
apr11-d1y

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.,

J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and two hundred yards of several Gas Mineral Springs, two or three, is now open for the accommodation of strangers as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable is convenient to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers. apr8-d1y

J. A. JOHNSON. S. J. M'CAMY.

Johnson & McCamy,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Dalton, - - - Geor

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

DRESSING FOR CHURCH.

Hasn't my husband come yet?
You have! Good as I know his call!
I'll never dress in time!
For mercy's sake, come help me, Lace.
I'll make my toilet very spruce—
This silk is quite sublime!

Have you this gloss for satin shoe?
"A hole!" Why, a shoe's plague like the shoe!
Please, Lace, try and bloc it—
Just think, it's Sunday and, my soul!
I cannot wear it with a hole!
The men will surely spy it.

They're always peeping at our feet,
(Though, to be sure, they needn't peep,
The way we hold our dress:)
I'll disappoint them, though, to-day—
"And cross myself," say, did you say?
Don't laugh at my distress!

How spleu idly the silk will rustle!
(Please hand my "self-adjusting bustle,"
My corset and my hoops.)
There, now, I'll take five extra pins for it—
Do hurry, Lace, and help me fix,
You know I cannot stoop!

"How shall I say my prayers to-day?"
As if girls went to church to pray!
How can you be so foolish?
Here, dab on this ribbon in cologne:
"What for?" To paint, you silly one—
Now, mce, don't be snlish.

Now, then, my hat—how *he* abhors
This thing, it's big as all out doors—
The frightful rags—scoop!
Thank heaven my cloak is handsome, too,
It co-tenongs to be, I know—
(straighten his horrid hoop!)

My handkerchief and gloves you'll find
Just to the drawer—Lace, are you blind?
(Does my dress rustle?)
It's all the rash on now, you know;
(Pray, does the paint and powder show
Through my lace veil?)

Thank you, my dear, I believe I m dress'd;
The saints be praised! the day of rest
Come only once in seven,
For if, on all the other six
Ta s trouble I should have to fix,
I'd ne r get to heaven!

Summary of State News.

CAMILLA.

Camilla had a $50 fire on Sunday last.—*Enterprise.*

WAYNESBORO.

For the past two years there has been a gradual improvement in the property of our town. Property is worth fifty per cent more than it was two years ago, and the business of the town has doubled in that time.—*Expositor.*

PERRY.

Two negroes broke jail in our town on Saturday night last.—*Houston Home Journal.*

CUTHBERT.

The whooping cough and measles are troubling the babies of our town.——Marshall & Co's. troupe of Japanese will visit Cuthbert April 21st.——During a ride through the country on Monday into Calhoun county, we were greatly encouraged at the condition of the planting interests on the road.—*Appeal.*

SAVANNAH.

On Saturday afternoon Joseph Bostock, a fruit grower on the Louisville Road, fourteen miles from Savannah, was killed by W. V. Goodwin.—*Advertiser.*

AUGUSTA.

The corner stone of the cenotaph to be erected on Greene street, in honor of the Confederate dead of St. James' Sunday school and of Richmond county, will be laid next Saturday, the 26th, Decoration Day, with appropriate Masonic ceremonies.——A large number of buildings are being erected in various parts of the city.——Numbers of fine turtles are brought to the city every day.—*Constitutionalist.*

FRANKLIN.

From the best information we can get, the wheat crop in this section promises to be very light.——Times are hard enough in this section to cut up and make sledge hammers. But then not more than seven-eighths of the land is being planted in cotton, which leads us to hope that times will be better next year—for provision dealers.—*News.*

CARROLLTON.

Improvements are still going on in every part of our town.——Carroll county wants a new jail.——The Photographic Gallery of Mr. Wm. Beall, of this place, was consumed by fire on Sunday last. Loss, $500.——The Carrollton Debating Society is flourishing.—*Carroll County Times.*

GREENVILLE.

Major Jas. F. Jones, residing near Hogansville, has a field of seventeen acres in wheat that will compare favorably with the famous wheat fields of the far famed Virginia Valley.—*Vindicator.*

NEWNAN.

Corn is coming up rapidly, and there seems to be a pretty good stand.—*Dispatch.*

COLUMBUS.

One hundred and eighty persons have joined Asbury Chapel Church, colored, during the week.——A Columbus colored man has three thousand dollars in one of the city savings banks.——The smoke-house on the premises of Mr. Felix Alexander, but occupied by Mr. Barnard, was burned Saturday morning. Some two thousand pounds of bacon were in the building. Hay was saved.——The Columbus mills are now running 32,000 spindles and several thousand looms and manufacturing a large variety of coarse and fine goods.—*Sun.*

Horse Notes.

The Naught horse Bill, owned and worked in a lumber yard in Marysville, Cal., is thirty-seven years old, but as gay and nimble as a colt.

Mr. Baughman recently shipped from Wadsworth Station, Ohio, a car load of horses, the lightest of which weighed 1,390, and the heaviest 1,585 pounds—average weight 1,520 pounds.

Mr. Babcock's race horses have arrived at Long Branch. The most noted are Helmbold, Conductor, Hattie O'Neal and Sprague.

Colonel McDaniel's race horses, eleven in number, are at Saratoga.

An old relic, the sulky which was sent to New Orleans with Highland Maid, in company with the celebrated trotter, Lady Suffolk, twenty years ago, is now in Nashville. It weighs seventy pounds.

Splinters.

A thing "sometimes brought to pars"—a counterfeit note.

Why is a young lady like a hinge? Because she is something to a-dore.

By the last census reports it appears that we have 121,000 schools, in which six and a half millions of children are educated at an annual cost of $94,000,000.

"If poor George had not blowed into the muzzle of his gun," sighed a rural widow, at the funeral of her late husband, last Saturday, "he might have got a plenty of squirrels. It was such a good day for them."

De Mortuis.

Mr. Tim Marr died at his residence near Haynesville one day last week.

Mr. W. E. Sanders, of Dooly county, died on Sunday last.

Mr. John C. Coort, of Columbus, died April 18th.

Mr. Doc Cates, an engineer on the Western Road of Alabama, died in Montgomery a day or two ago.

Fulton Sheriffs Sale for May.

WILL BE SOLD on the first Tuesday in May next, within the legal hours of sale, at the store room known as the London Store, on Marietta, near the corner of Marietta and Broad streets, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, the entire stock of goods consisting in part as follows:

Water proofs, waistings, all-wool and common delaines, sattins, black and colored marinos, alpacas, Japanese cloths, silks and silk popolins of all colors, lawns, lace curtains, ginghams, calicos, tartans, brilliants, cambrics, plain Swiss and corded Victoria lawns, nainsooks, gents' underwear, lot gents' furnishing goods, paper and linen collars, lot of umbrellas and parasols, bed-ticking, towels and toweling, table damasks, table covers, lot linseys, linen drills, Irish drillings, bleached and brown sheetings, opera flannels, hickory stripes and demines, lot suspenders, corsets, gents' half hose, ladies' hose, shirt fronts, ladies' undervests, lisle and kid gloves, edging and embroideries, colored and black ribbons, silk threads and grenadines, blonde and gipure lace, lot of silk trimming, ladies' fans, empire dress veils, fichus, robes, black and white bobinets, spanish lace veils, lace collars, velvet ribbons, ladies' cuffs and collars, lot assorted, handkerchiefs, dress trimmings, buttons and gents' cravats, shoe case and contents, consisting of extracts, ribbons and jewelry, lot ribbons by the box, lot of gross grain ribbons, large lot of military contents of hats, flowers and ornaments, ladies' dress suits and underwear, cloaks, large lot hair goods, and all the furniture belonging to said store room consisting of tables, chairs, side show cases, mirrors, desks, safes, &c.

Levied on as the property of Schultz & Brandhall by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of John T and William D Grant, Partners as Crew and R C Murphy in right of his wife and others vs the said Schultz & Brandhall. Said property being of a perishable nature and expensive to move, will be sold as before described, for cash, without benefit of appraisement or homestead. Sale to continue from day to day until the entire stock is sold.

A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.
apr14-law1w Printer's fee $5 to be pd by.

Notice.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye is easily applied, imparts a beautiful black or brown, and acts like a magic. Try a box, and you will not be disappointed. apr15—d1w&wlt.

Teeth like orient pearls set in cushions of rose;
A breath like the perfume the toilet bestows;
These are charms to win hearts, when all other charms fade,
But they can't be preserved without Sozodont's aid. apr15—d&w1w

Tested by time.—For throat diseases, Colds and Coughs, Brown's Bronchial Troches have proven their efficacy by a test of many years. apr15—d1w&wlt.

An ounce of preventative is worth a pound of cure. To prevent Chills and Fever, take Simmon's Liver Regulator.

apr15-deod1w&wlt.

Use less of Dooley's than any other Yeast or Baking Powder, as it is much stronger. Put up full weight. Give it a fair trial. Grocers sell it. apr15—deod1w.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod-Liver Oil is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. apr6—d&w4w

This Concentrated Vegetable Specific is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complains it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbunkles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 88 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly elimination them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.

J. S. Pemberton & Co.,
mar30eod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SURE For all forms of **Chills and Fever**, Intermittent and Remittent Fever, are found in

CURE **Pemberton's Never Fever Tonic.**
It contains no poisonous ingredients, and cures Ague by cancelling the Ague Poison in the BLOOD, and ejecting it from the system. Box of Pills with each Bottle. CURES GUARANTEED by

W. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

12 SAMPLES sent by mail for 50c. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOOLCOTT, 181 Chatham-sq. N Y.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—50 000 addresses, to which specimen copies of SMITH'S MAGAZINE will be sent *free*. Agts wanted. Write, Pimp F Smith, 51 Liberty st., N Y.

$4 from 25 cts.—Eight samples mailed free for 25 cts that sell at sight for four dollars, to any person in Atlanta who will act as ag't. RANDALL & CO., 767 Broadway, N. Y.

BUILDERS Send for our Illustrated Catalogue of new books on building.
A. J. BICKNELL & CO.,
27 Warren-st., New York.

AGENTS! A RARE CHANCE!!
We will pay all agents $40 per week in cash, who will engage with us at ONCE. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address,
A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

WORKING CLASS. MALE OR FEMALE, $60 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions & valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with 6 cent return stamp, M YOUNG & CO, 173 Greenwich st, N. Y.

A WATCH FREE worth $20, given gratis to every live man who will act as our agent. Business light & honorable. $200 made in 5 days. Saleable as flour. Everybody buys it. Can't do without it. Must have it. No Gift Enterprise, no humbug. Kennedy & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

100 TEACHERS OR STUDENTS MALE OR FEMALE, can secure EMPLOYMENT PAYING from $100 to $150 per month during the Spring and Summer. Address, PEOPLE'S JOURNAL, 518 Arch st, Philadelphia, Pa, Cincinnati, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

$10 A DAY
Easily made by an Agency of
"Our Own Family Doctor."
Best medical work extant. Everybody buys that sees it. Unusual inducements to Agt's. Send for circulars and terms to HURST & CO, 746 Broadway, N. Y.
An easy and sure way to make money.

NOTICE.

REDUCTION OF PRICE OF BOARD.
ST. CLAIR HOTEL,
Monument Square, Baltimore, Md.
On and after March 1st, 1873, board at this Hotel, to merchants, will be $2 50 per day. The only hotel in Baltimore with improved elevator. Suits of rooms with baths and all other conveniences.
HARRY H. FOGLE, Manager.

BECKWITH SEWING MACHINE---$12. ON 30 DAYS' TRIAL!
THE IMPROVED ($12) BECKWITH SEWING MACHINE, with new Braiding Foot, and many other modern improvements, all complete, with Hemmer, Guide, Four Needles, &c, warranted two years—with core it will do your family sewing for a lifetime. Nearly ten thousand of these machines have been sold the past season, which conclusively shows how improvements are giving universal satisfaction. We will show letters to any who may call, from disinterested purchasers, in which they state that they would not exchange ours for the best high-priced machine in the market. It makes the popular Elastic Lock Stitch, and closes its seam securely, which renders it the strongest and best; but when desired it can be unlocked at pleasure. Fastened to any table. Easily worked by hand. This is the machine which Messrs. Orange Judd & Co., of the American Agriculturalist, &c., use so many thousands for premiums. Full directions go with every machine. If after having the machine 30 days, it does not give perfect satisfaction, we will refund the $12, on return of machine, less the express charges, and take the risk of its being injured. All orders promptly filled on receipt of Post-office order for $12, or if $5 are sent with your order to us, the balance can be paid to the Express Co., when you receive the machine. Terms to Agents liberal, but cash invariably for ALL machines when received. If any doubt your honor or responsibility, we will cheerfully give the best city reference. Bring or send sample of any goods with which to test the machine.
BECKWITH SEWING MACHINE CO.,
26 W. Broadway, N.Y. (After May 1st,) 868 Broadw'y

$1.50—THE NURSERY—A Monthly Magazine for Youngest Readers. Superbly Illustrated. Send 3 cent stamp for a sample number. Now is the time to subscribe.
JOHN L. SHOREY,
36 Bromfield St., Boston.

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BEHIND THE SCENES IN WASHINGTON.
The spiciest & best selling book ever published. It tells all about the great *Credit Mobilier Scandal*, secret social Intrigues, Congressmen, Rings, Lobbies & the wonders & Sights of the National Capital. It sells quick. Send for circulars, and see our terms and a full description of the work. Add ess, National Publishing Co, Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or Memphis, Tenn.

$500 IN PREMIUMS
TWO NEW POTATOES!
EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Ten days Earlier than Early Rose. Roots resemble Beauty of Hebron, but more productive and of Excellent flavor. $1 per pound; 4 pounds by mail, postpaid, for $3 50.
COMPTON'S SURPRISE. 326 bushels to the acre. A little later than Early Rose. Equal in quality. $3 per pound, by mail, postpaid.
$250 will be awarded as premiums to those who produce the largest quantity from one pound. Descriptive Circulars of the above, with list of 300 varieties of Seeds, free to applicants.
Illustrated Seed Catalogue, 100 pages with Colored Chromo, 25 cts.
A New Tomato, the "ARLINGTON." Early, solid and prolific. Extra. By per packet; five packets for $1.
BLISS & SON,
Park Place, New York.
BLISS'S SELECT GARDEN SEEDS.

Write for Large Illustrated Price List, Address,
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS
No. 179 SMITHFIELD ST. PITTSBURGH PA.
Breech loading Shot Guns $40 to $200. Double Rifle Guns $9 to $150 Single Guns $5 to $30. Rifles $8 to $75. Revolvers $6 to $22. Pistols $1 to $4. Gun materials, Fishing Tackle. Large discount to dealers or clubs. Army Guns, Revolvers, &c., bought or traded for. Guns sent by express C.O.D. to be examined before paid for.

THE LIGHT RUNNING
Sewing Machine Is the BEST IN THE WORLD.
Agents wanted. Send for circular. Address "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

NEVER
Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.
are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all diseases of the Lungs.
In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in every short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.
The Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggists, send at once to the agent in New York who will forward them by return mail.
Sure to be deceived by Imitations.
Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York.
Send for Circular. Sole Agent for United States.

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.
The startling drawback on nearly all medicinal agents has ever been their inefficiency for purposes and purification they have also debilitated the system. To overcome this difficulty physicians have long sought for the agent that would
PURGE, PURIFY AND STRENGTHEN
At once and the same time.
Their research has at last been rewarded by a discovery that will realize the fondest dreams of the medical faculty, and which is justly regarded as the most important triumph that Pharmacy has ever achieved. The important desideratum is
Dr. Tutt's Vegetable Liver Pill.
Which purify the blood and remove all corrupt humors and unhealthy accumulations from the body, and yet produces no weakness or lassitude whatever, but on the contrary tones the stomach, and invigorates the body during the progress of their operation. They overcome the hitherto irreconcilable qualities of a STRENGTHENING PURGATIVE and PURIFYING TONIC.
Dr. Tutt's Pills are the most active and searching medicine in existence. They at once attack the very root of diseases, and their action is so prompt that in an hour or two after they are taken the patient is aware of their good effects. They may be taken at any time without restraint of diet or occupation; they produce neither nausea, griping or debility, and as a family medicine they have no rival. Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all Druggists.
Principal office, 18 and 20 Platt St., New York. 4w

12,000,000 ACRES.
CHEAP FARMS!
The Cheapest Land in Market, for sale by the
Union Pacific Railroad Company
In the Great Platte Valley.
3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska
Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards, on Five and Ten Years' Credit at 6 per cent. No Advance Interest required.
Mild and Healthful Climate, Fertile Soil, an Abundance of Good Water.
The best Market in the West! The great Mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Nevada being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

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Homestead of 160 Acres.
The Best Location for Colonies.
FREE HOMES FOR ALL! Millions of acres of choice Government lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near this great railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country.
Free passes to purchasers of railroad land.
Sectional maps, showing the land, also new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
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THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER
is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eradicate, extirpate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substances in the blood and will effectually dispel all predispositions to billious derangement.
Is there want of action in your Liver and Kidneys? Does the blood become impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, etc.
Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach! Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the blood, dropsical tendency, general weakness and inertia.
Have you a weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhœa or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.
Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You are exposed to suffering in its most aggravated form.
Are you dejected, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with head ache, back ache, coated tongue and bad tasting mouth?
For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE
JURUBEBA,
which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is no new and untried discovery but has been long used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.
Don't weaken or impair the digestive organs by cathartics and physics, they give only temporary relief—indigestion, flatulency and dyspepsia with piles and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.
Keep the blood pure and health is assured.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
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EVERY Enterprise that looks for support beyond the county in which it is located should advertise in the papers of the sections from which it could reasonably expect to obtain custom. We secure prompt insertion at low rates, in all papers of the United States and Canada. Our lists of over 3,000 religious and agricultural journals are **STANDARD.** Estimates, pamphlets, etc., free upon application.
GRIFFIN & HOFFMAN,
(Established 1865.) Newspaper Agents, Baltimore Md.

A MAN OF A THOUSAND.
A CONSUMPTIVE CURED
DR. H. JAMES, a retired physician, (and by nature a chemist,) discovered while in the East Indies a certain cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS and GENERAL DEBILITY, when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefiting humanity, he will send the recipe, containing full directions for making this remedy, free on receipt of 2 stamps to pay expenses. There is not a single symptom of CONSUMPTION that it does not at once take hold of and distinguish—Night Sweats, Peerishness, Irritation of the Nerves, Failure of Memory, Difficult Respiration, Sharp Pains in the Lungs, Sore Throat, Chilly Sensations, Nausea at the Stomach, Inaction of the Bowels, and Wasting Away of the Muscles. Address
CRADDOCK & CO.,
1032 Race-st., Philadelphia, Pa.,
apr6 [mhl5-eod1w&wf

FULTON SHERIFF'S SALES
For May.
WILL be sold before the Court House door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in May next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:
A part of land lot No. 174, of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., containing 10 acres, more or less, it being the north part of said lot, bounded on the east by Goodwin & Wallace, north by Elliott, west by Webb, south by Fain. Levied on as the property of George Latzan, by virtue of and to satisfy two Justice Court fi fas issued from the 495th district G. M., in favor of W. R. Phillips vs. George Latzan. Levy made and returned to me by W. A. Starnes, L. C., April 7, 1873.
A. M. PERKERSON,
apr8-law1w—pf$2 50 per levy Sheriff.

FULTON SHERIFF'S SALES
For May 1873.
WILL be sold before the Court House door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in May next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:
One large Clarance-make Carriage, and one platform six-passenger Rockaway. Levied on as the property of Rufus H Baldwin to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Branch, Sons & Co. vs. Rufus H Baldwin. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, March 1, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, the Methodist Church and the land on which it is situated, containing one acre, and known as Lot No. 7, in Block No. 1, Land Lot No. 78, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, and known as the Buck Head District. G. M., the same being in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Buck Head Church, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of the Trustees of Buck Head Church vs. Trustees of Buck Head Church. Property pointed out by plaintiffs attorney, April 3, 1873.
Also at the same time and place, a tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, upon which Henry H. Hill, Sr., lived and died, known as lots No. 7 and 8, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, and bounded on lots No. 6 and 9; also the lands embraced in the following limits, to-wit: Beginning at the north corner and running south 8 degrees and 30 minutes west 1,000 feet to a stone; thence in the direction No. 100 feet to a stone; thence the third course between 45 and 90 in said district, thence due west 900 feet on the line of the two last mentioned lots, thence to the point first begun, containing 20 acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of Mrs. A. F. Hill to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Superior Court in favor of Collier, Myatt & Collier vs H. H. Hill, Sr., and A. F. Hill. Property pointed out by plaintiffs April 5, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place a lot on the corner of Mechanics and Rhodes streets in the Sixth Ward of the city of Atlanta, containing 100 by 200 feet, adjoining Kuhn, it being part of land lot 78 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Peter Hage to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Luther J. Glenn vs. Peter Hage. Property pointed out by plaintiff, April 5, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on Marietta and Plumb streets, in the 6th district of said city, it being a part of land lot 79, adjoining McNeally and Garwood, and containing one-fourth of an acre in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of W F Bass to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of A K Seago vs W F Bass. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney April 5, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, one bureau, one bedstead, one looking-glass, one washstand, one centre table, one mattress, three pictures, one chairs, one carpet, two moss pillows and one Brussels mat. Levied on as the property of Samuel F Fuller to satisfy a fi fa issued from the City Court of Atlanta in favor of Matilda Swanson vs Samuel F Fuller. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney March 27, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the city of Atlanta known as lot No. 1, block 1, fronting on Garnett street, in the first ward of said city, it being a part of land lot No. 77 in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of Francis M Fick to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Thomas S Whitaker vs Francis M Fick. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney April 5, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a one-story wood bedding located on the west side of Davis street, corner of Spencer street, in the 6th Ward of the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of J S Porter to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Cowing & Co vs F M Richardson. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorneys, March 24, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a lot and the improvements on the same, situated on Whitehall street in the 3d Ward of the city of Atlanta, said lot containing 50 by 254 feet, adjoining the property of McLendon and Succomaker, it being part of land lot 85 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia; also, a lot containing ¼ of an acre, on Ivy and Cox streets in 7th Ward of said city, adjoining Roper. It being part of land lot 100 in said district. Levied on as the property of J C Peck to satisfy a fi fa issued from the 102th district G M, in favor of Richards and Martin vs J N Holmes, agent for wife. Levy made by J R Thompson, L C, and returned to me this 24th day of June, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, Ga., lot No. 7, fronting 50 feet on Pomelle street, and running back north 90 feet to Nathaniel and Walker streets, being a part of original land lot 30, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of E A Masters, by virtue of and to satisfy a Justice Court fi fa issued from the 1026 district, G. M., in favor of Turner Goldsmith vs. E A Masters. Levy made by Frank L Little, L C, and returned to me March 10, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, one-half interest in a house and lot in the city of Atlanta, lying on the north side of Georgia Railroad, near the Air-Line depot, fronting 50 feet on said Georgia Railroad right of way, and extending back same width 130 feet, and bounded on the west by Sullivan, and on the east by Ezzard. On said lot is a one-story framed building. Levied on as the property of T W J Hill, by virtue of and to satisfy a Justice Court fi fa, issued from the 1234th district, G M., in favor of W W Durham vs T W J Hill. Levy made by J F Walker, L C, and returned to me April 4, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, the one-half interest of a house and lot in the city of Atlanta. It being the interest of T W J Hill, executor of the estate of W Hill, deceased, lying on the north side of the Georgia Railroad near the Air-Line Depot, fronting 50 feet on right of way of said Georgia Railroad, and running back same width 130 feet, and bounded on the west by Sullivan, east by Ezzard. On said lot is a one-story frame dwelling. Levied on as the property of T W J Hill, executor as aforesaid, to satisfy a Justice Court fi fa issued from the 1234th district, G M, in favor of W W Durham vs T W J Hill, executor. Levy made by J F Walker and handed to me April 4, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a part of land lot 53 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., the part so levied on is in ward 4, part of city lot No. 158, in the city of Atlanta, bounded south by Gilmore street, east by Calhoun street, north by a lot occupied by Mrs. Amanda Barnes, west by Gaiten's lot, containing ½ of an acre, more or less. On said lot is a wood dwelling, occupied by Mr. Perkins. Levied on as the property of James H Gullatt, Administrator of Wm. Bell, deceased, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of John J. Thrasher vs. James R Gullatt, administrator as aforesaid. Property pointed out by B H Thrasher, April 2, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place a city lot in the city of Atlanta, containing 3 rods and 36 feet corner Marietta and Broad streets, in the 6th ward of said city, part of land lot 78 of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. On said lot is a two-story brick building. Levied on as the property of Sidney Root to satisfy an attachment fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of J W Goldsmith vs Sidney Root. December 2, 1872.
Also, a certain city lot of land in the city of Atlanta, it being part of land lot No 77, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga, and known on the plat of the Mitchell property, which is recorded in the Clerk's office of Fulton county, Ga, as No 8, fronting on the east side of Pryor street 21 feet, and running back east same width 103 feet to an alley. Levied on as the property of O A Lochrane by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of the Georgia Banking and Trust Company vs O A Lochrane, as acceptor, and H I Kimball, endorser. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney April 5, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, on the south side of Houston street, and west side of Butler street, commencing 473½ feet from the corner of Butler street and extending along Houston street 31 feet, more or less, and ex ending back 115 feet to a ten foot alley, and is the lot bought by bond for title by Pleasant Puckett, the same being land lot 51. Levied on as the property of Pleasant Puckett to satisfy three fi fas issued from the Justice Court of the 1234th district, G. M., in favor of J. R. Walker vs. Pleasant Puckett. Levy made by J. F. Walker, L. C. and returned to me, April 5, 1873.
Also, at the same time and place, one house and lot on the west side of McDonough street, in the 3d ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining a lot lately occupied by W D Ellis, Esq. Levied on as the property of J N Holmes, agent for his wife, M A Holmes, by virtue of and to satisfy a Justice Court fi fa issued from the 1026th district G M, in favor of Richards and Martin vs J N Holmes, agent for wife. Levy made by J R Thompson, L C, and returned to me this 24th day of June, 1873.
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